

# Temperature and Precipitation Changes in Far West Texas: Models vs. Observations

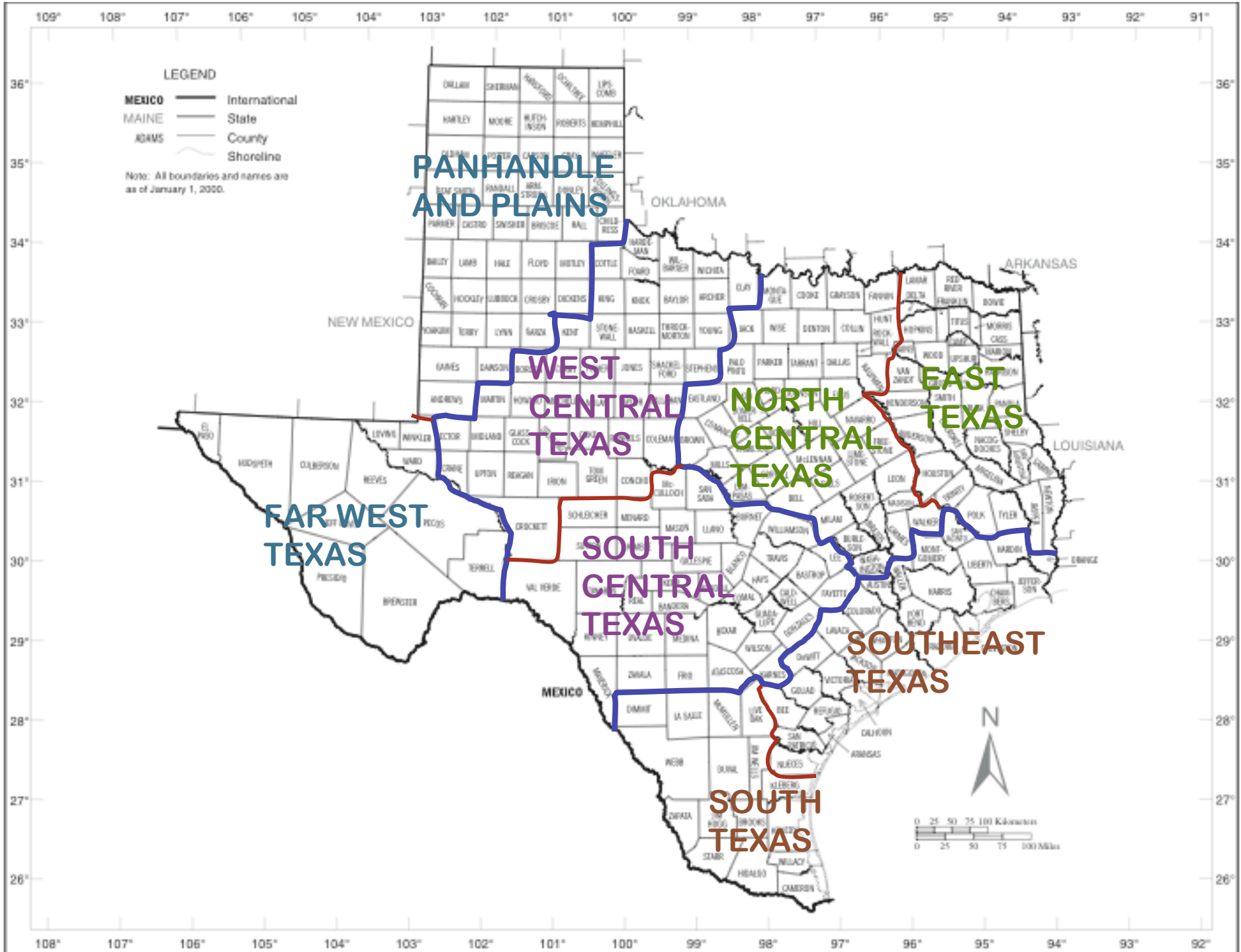
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Texas State Climatologist

# Future vs. Past

- Temperature outlook in Texas from greenhouse gases: warmer
- Precipitation outlook in Texas from greenhouse gases: probably drier
- Are these expectations consistent with what's been happening over the past century?

# The Climate Record

- United States Historical Climatology Network, Versions 1 and 2
  - 44-49 stations with long-term, relatively stable climate records
  - Corrections for obs time (temperature) and objectively-identified inhomogeneities
  - TAMU statistical interpolation to extend to denser COOP network
  - Conventional climate division data has issues



**LEGEND**

- MEXICO** — International
- MAINE** — State
- ADAMS** — County
- Shoreline

Note: All boundaries and names are as of January 1, 2000.

**PANHANDLE AND PLAINS**

**WEST CENTRAL TEXAS**

**NORTH CENTRAL TEXAS**

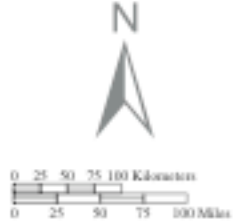
**EAST TEXAS**

**FAR WEST TEXAS**

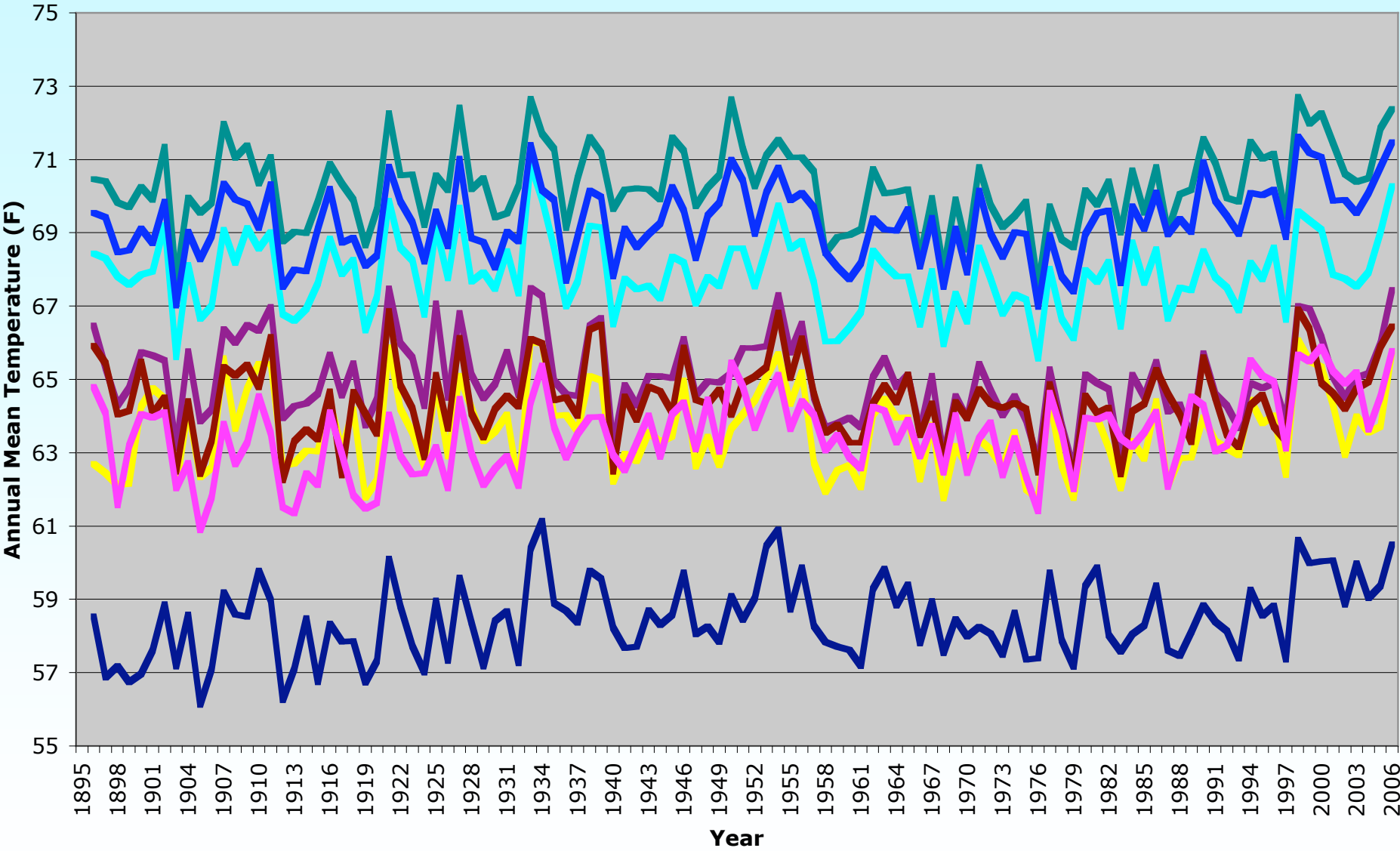
**SOUTH CENTRAL TEXAS**

**SOUTHEAST TEXAS**

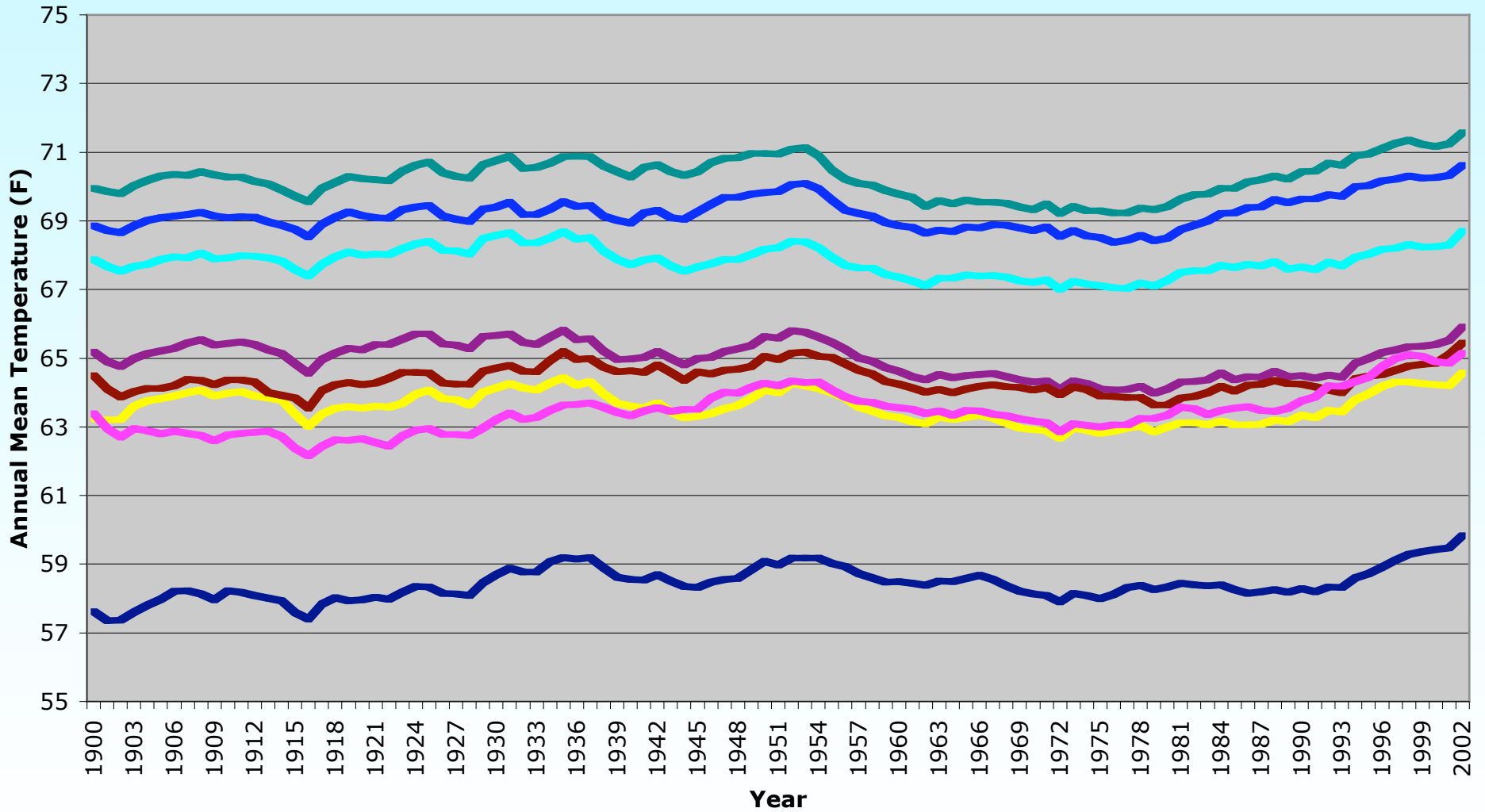
**SOUTH TEXAS**



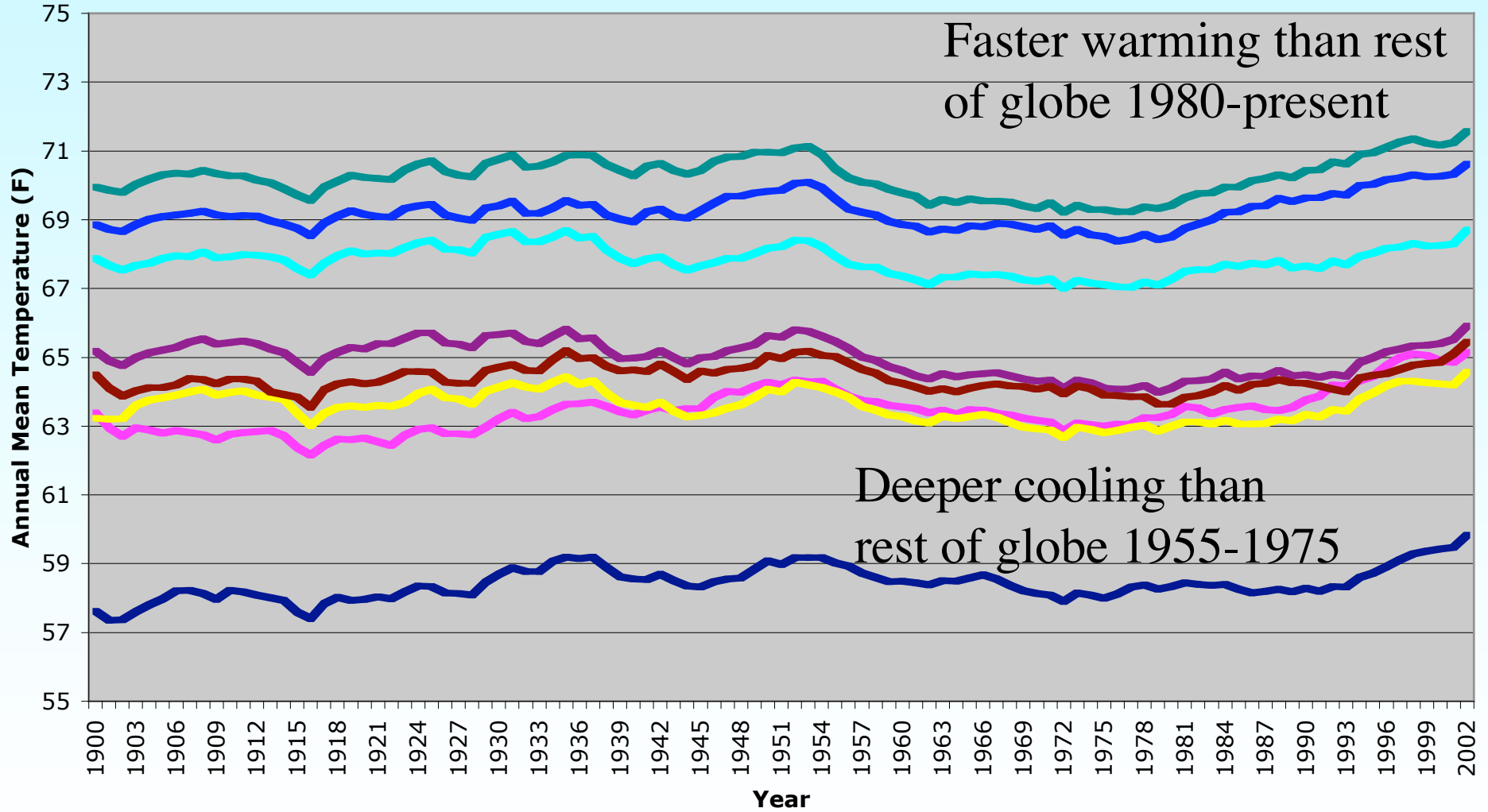
# Average Temperature of HCN Stations Within Texas Areas



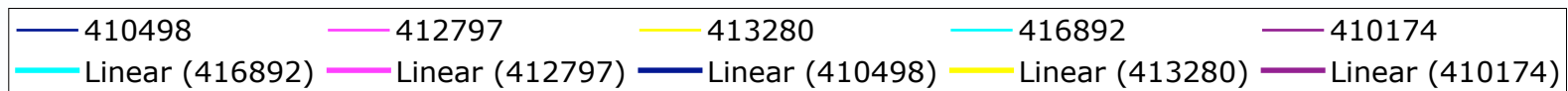
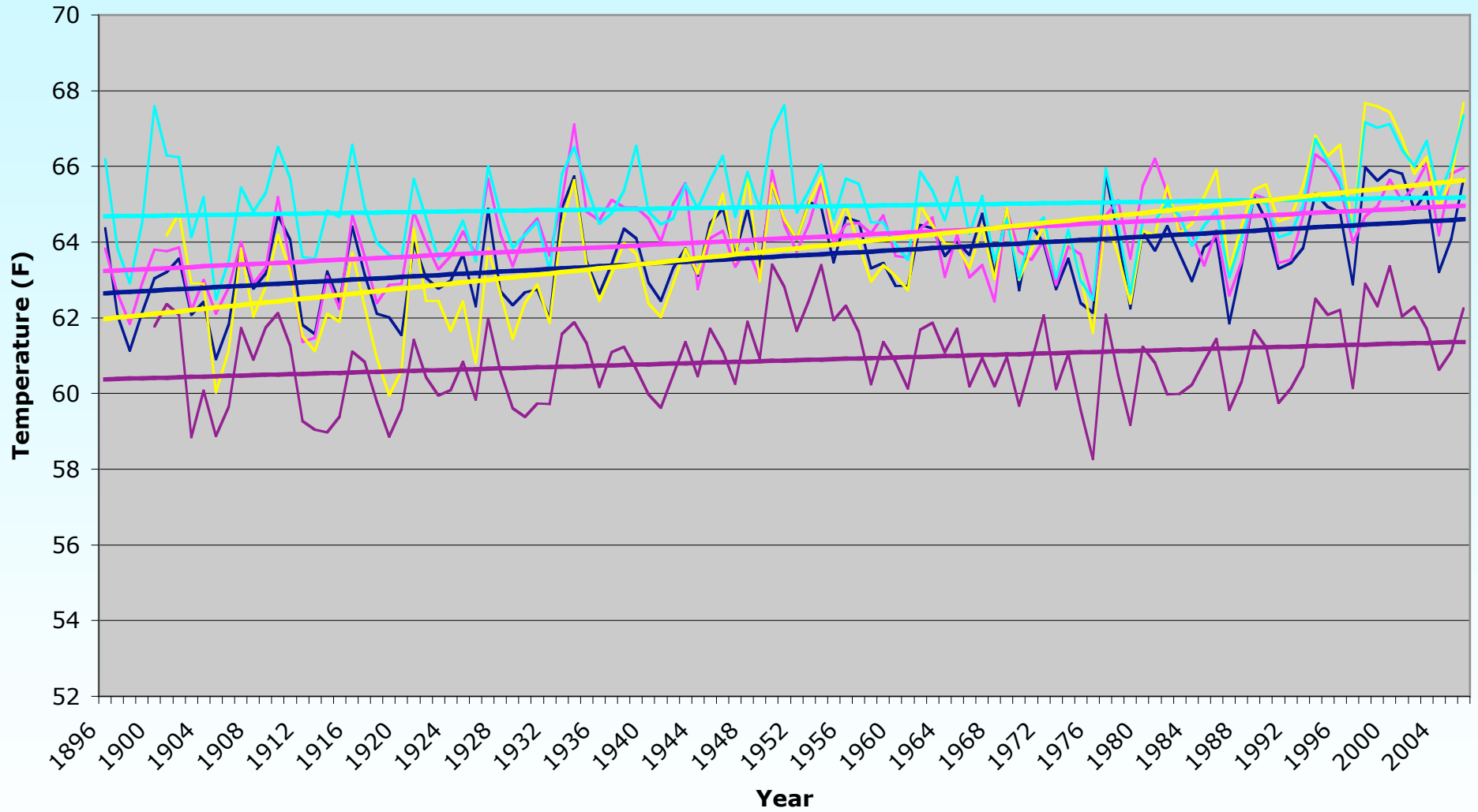
# Smoothed Temperatures of HCN Stations Within Texas Areas



# Smoothed Temperatures of HCN Stations Within Texas Areas



# Far West Texas Temperatures -- Individual Stations

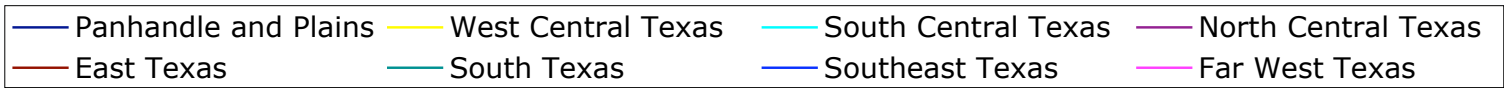
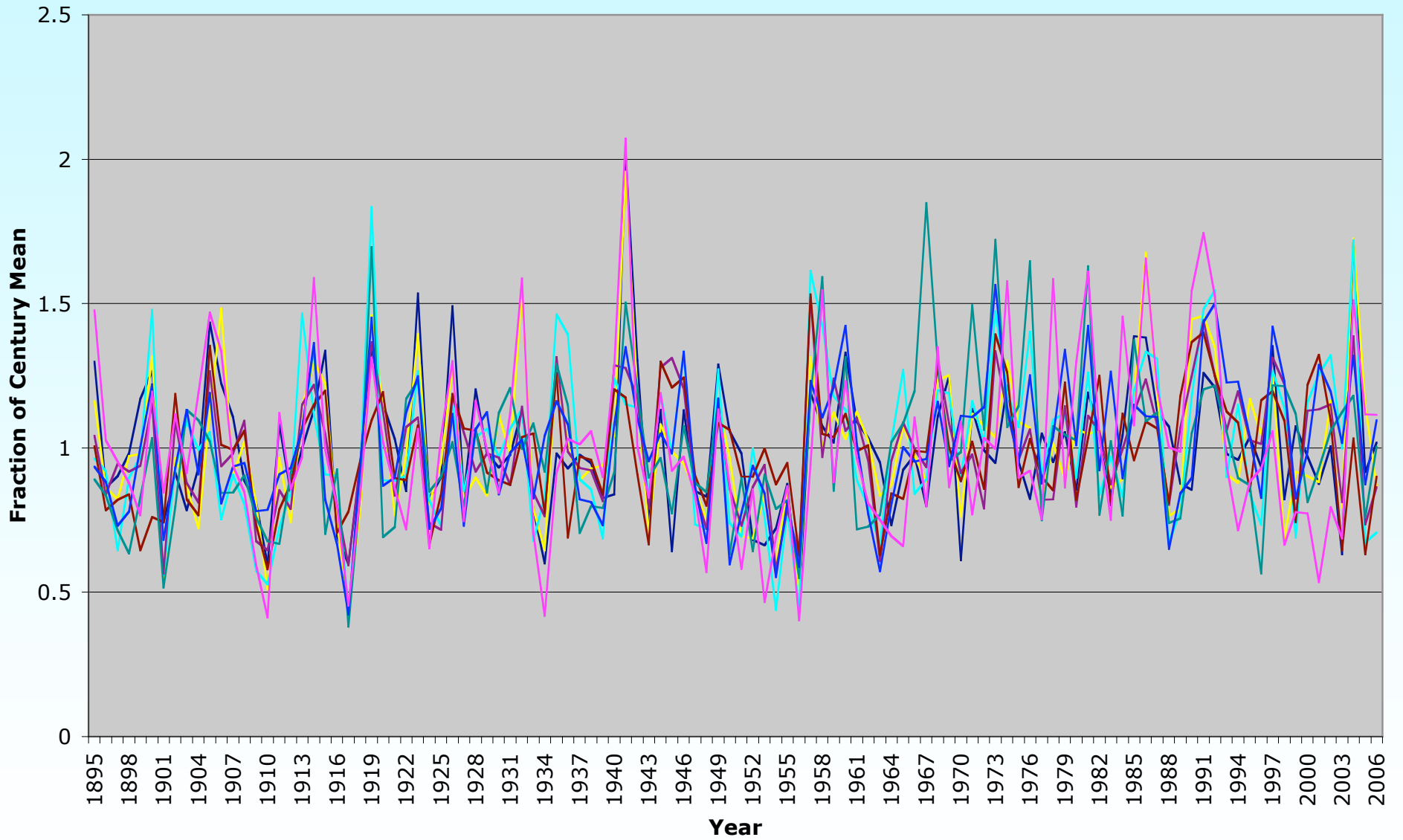




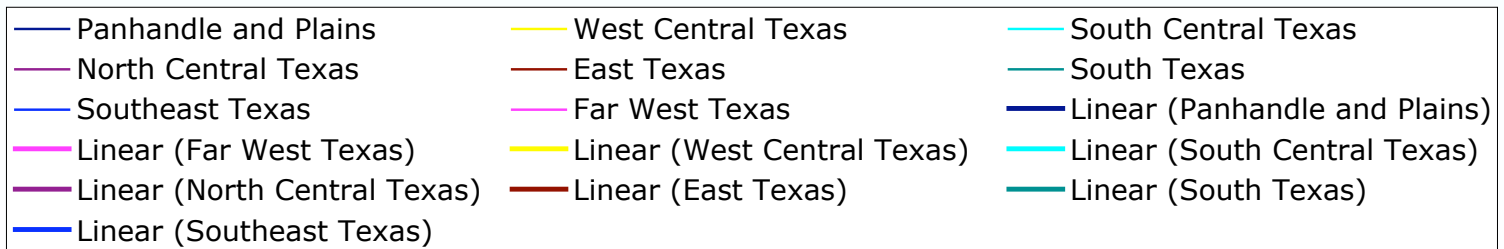
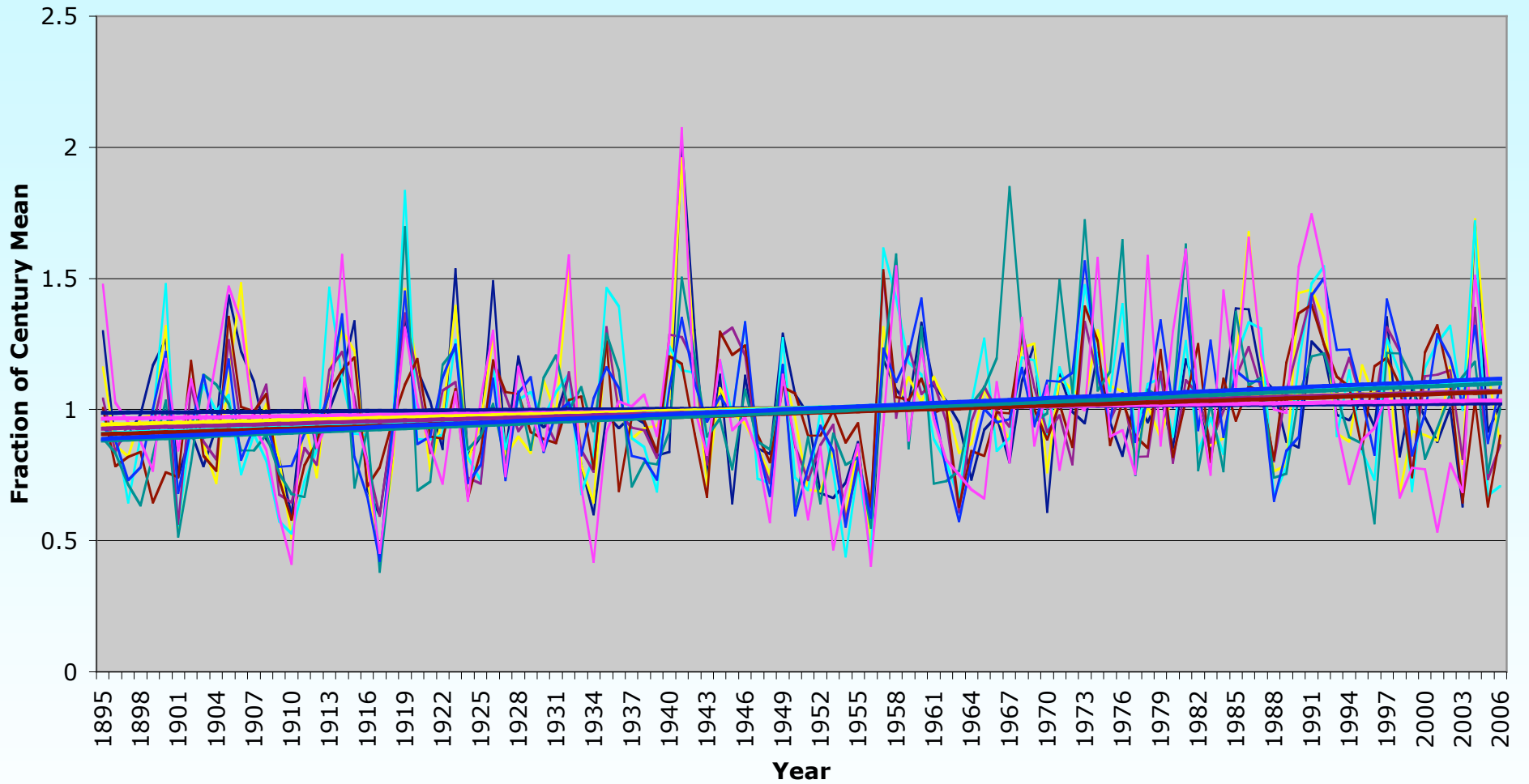
# Attribution Studies

- Based on atmospheric models driven by observed sea surface temperatures
- Temperature variations during last half of 20th Century largely due to sea surface temperature changes (overall, patterns)
- Natural vs. anthropogenic fraction unknown

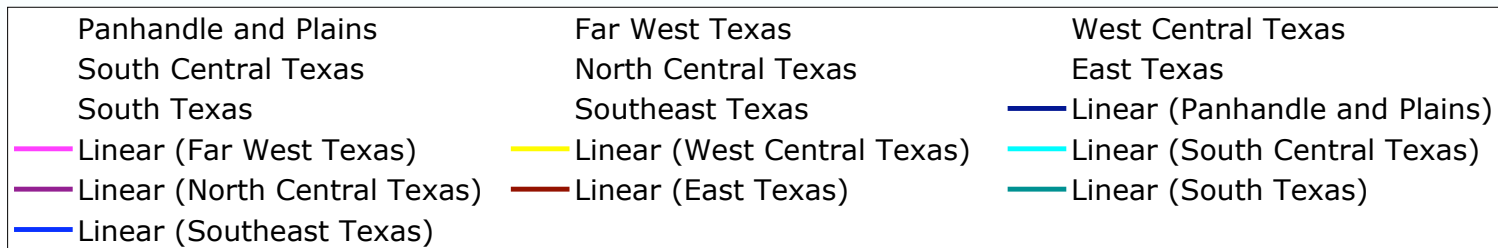
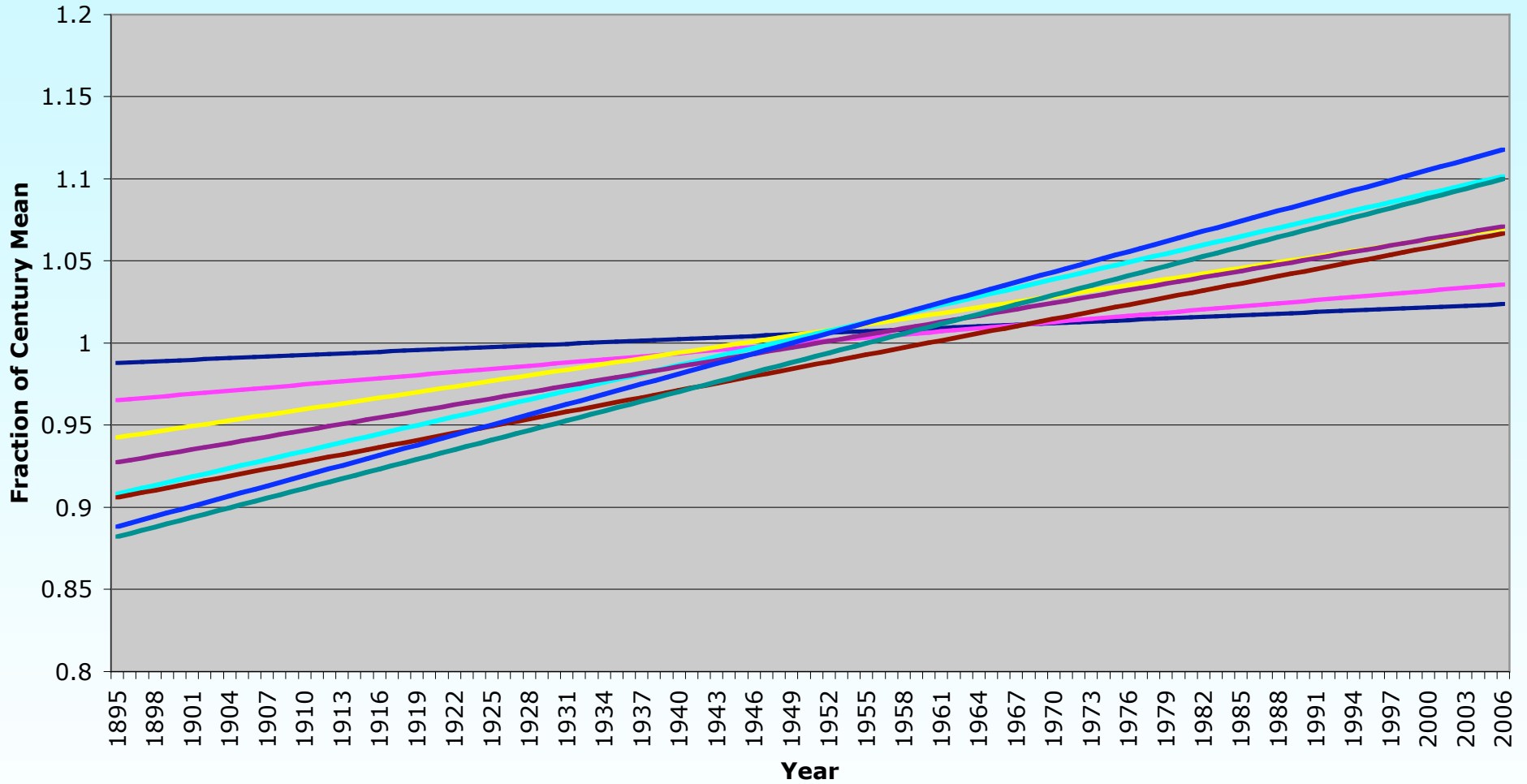
# Annual Texas Precipitation



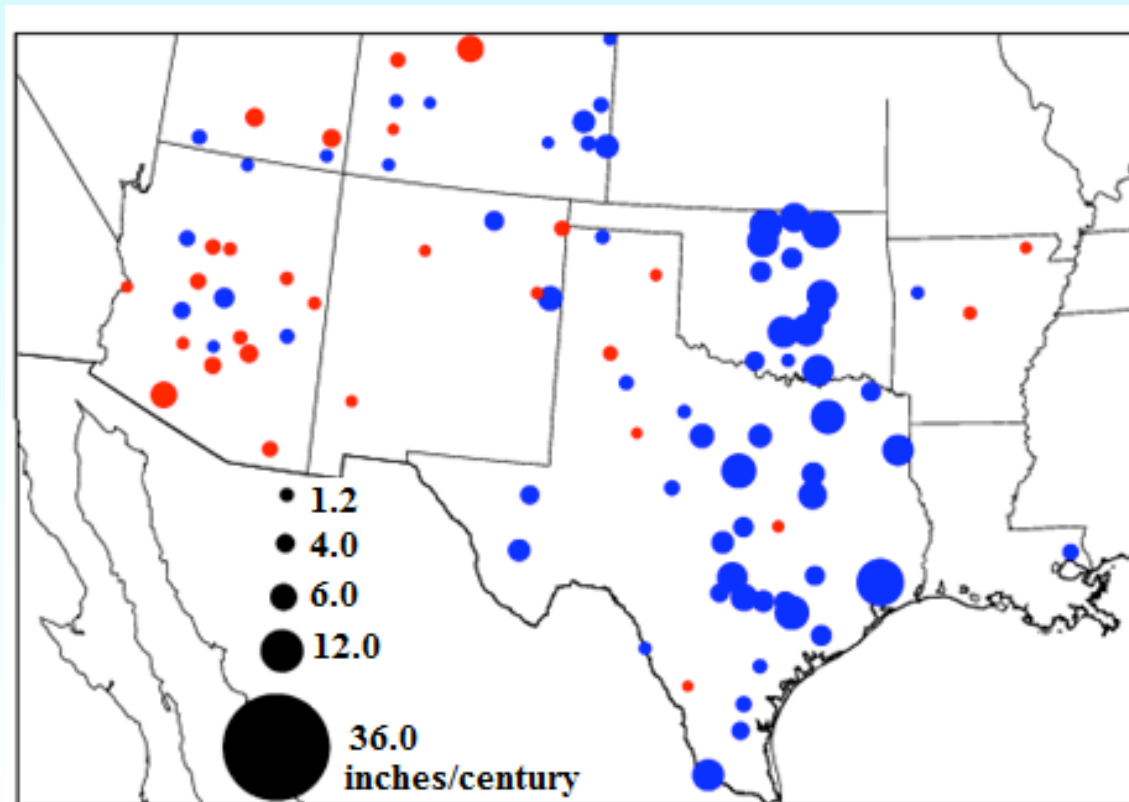
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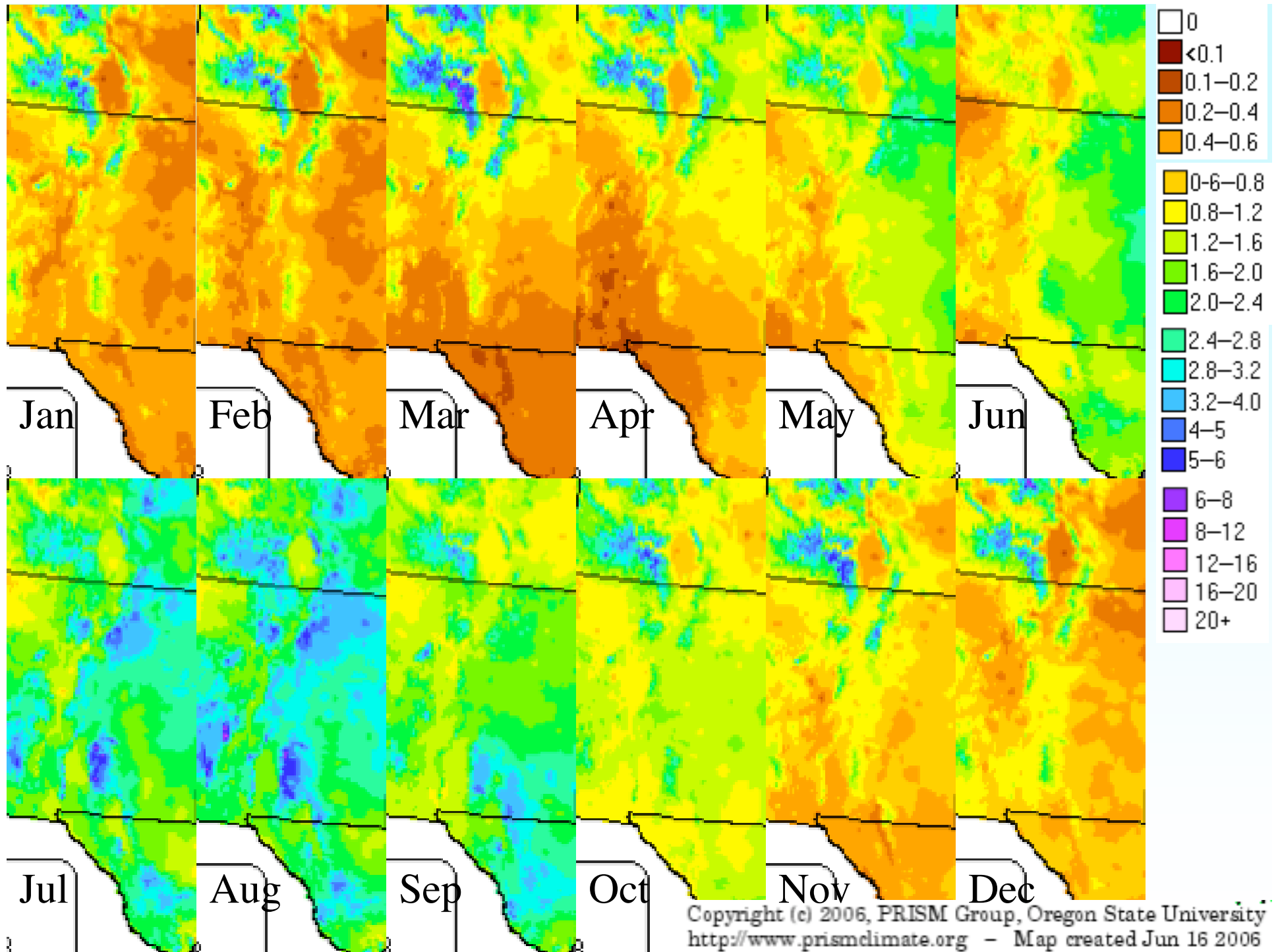
# Precipitation trends at century-long USHCN stations



Blue: Increasing Precipitation  
Red: Decreasing Precipitation

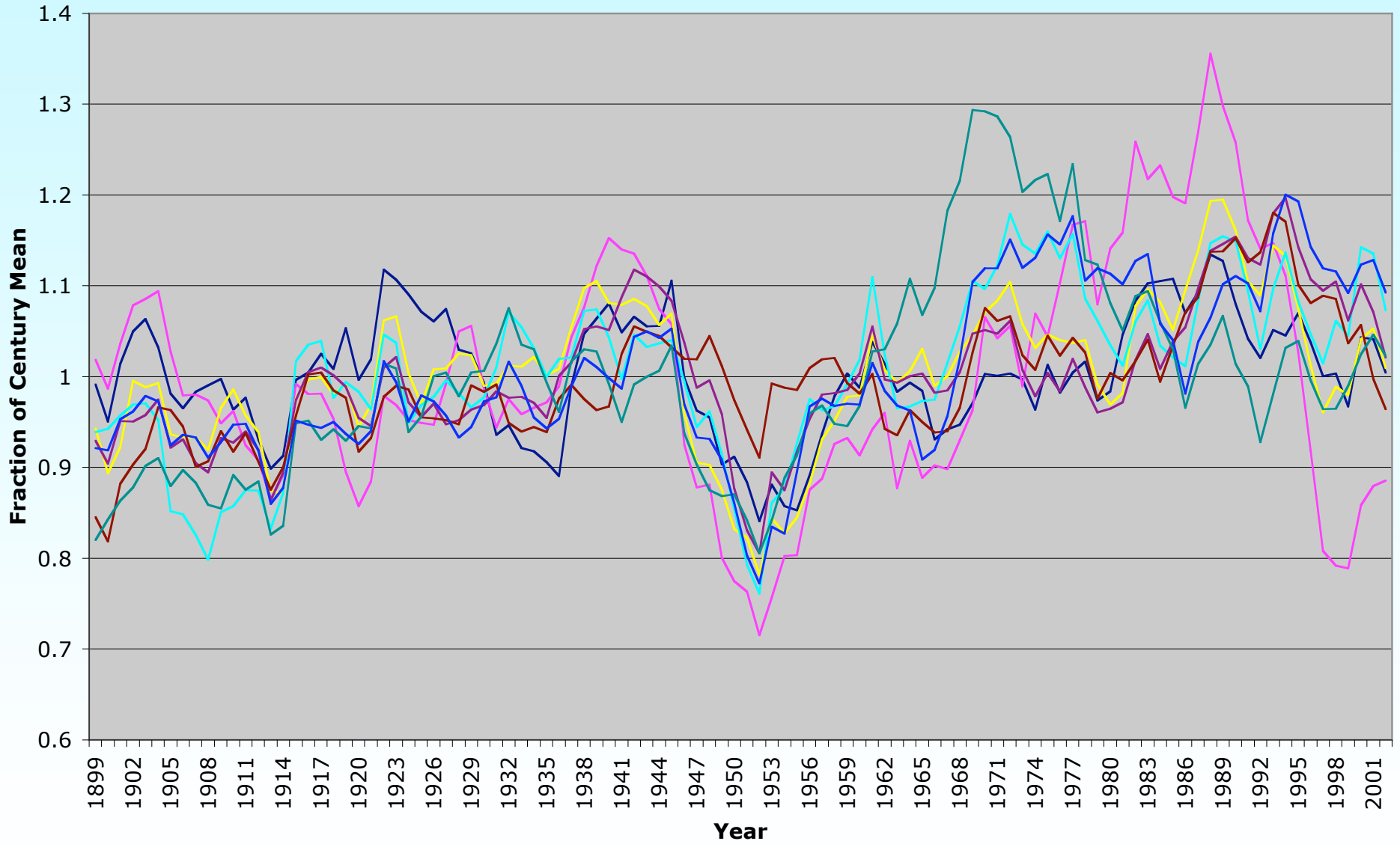
# Climate Features, Upper Rio Grande Basin

- Wintertime orographically-enhanced precipitation
  - Snow dumped on mountains
- Southwest Monsoon
  - Summertime thunderstorms



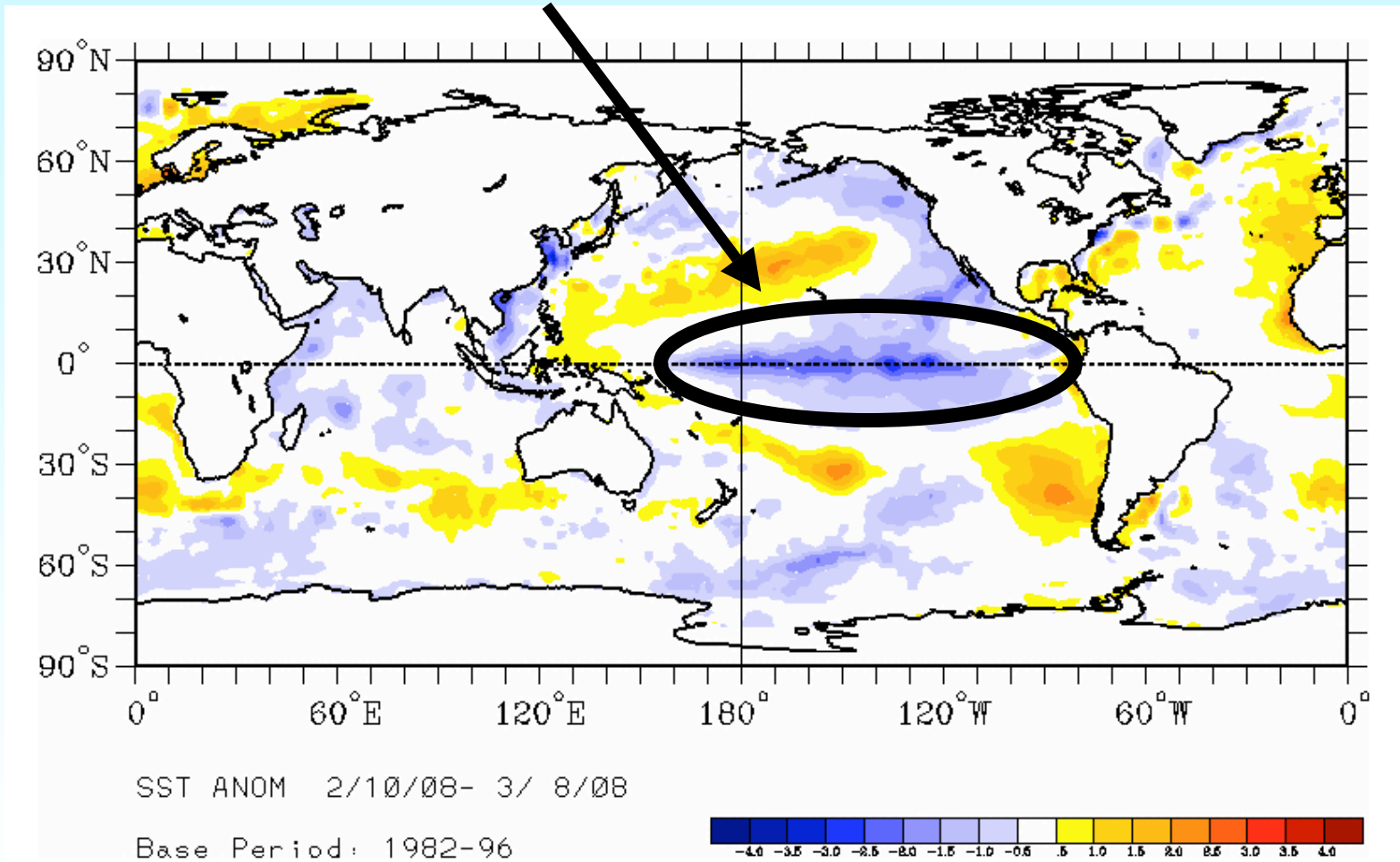
Copyright (c) 2006, PRISM Group, Oregon State University  
<http://www.prismclimate.org> - Map created Jun 16 2006

# 9-yr Smoothed Texas Precipitation



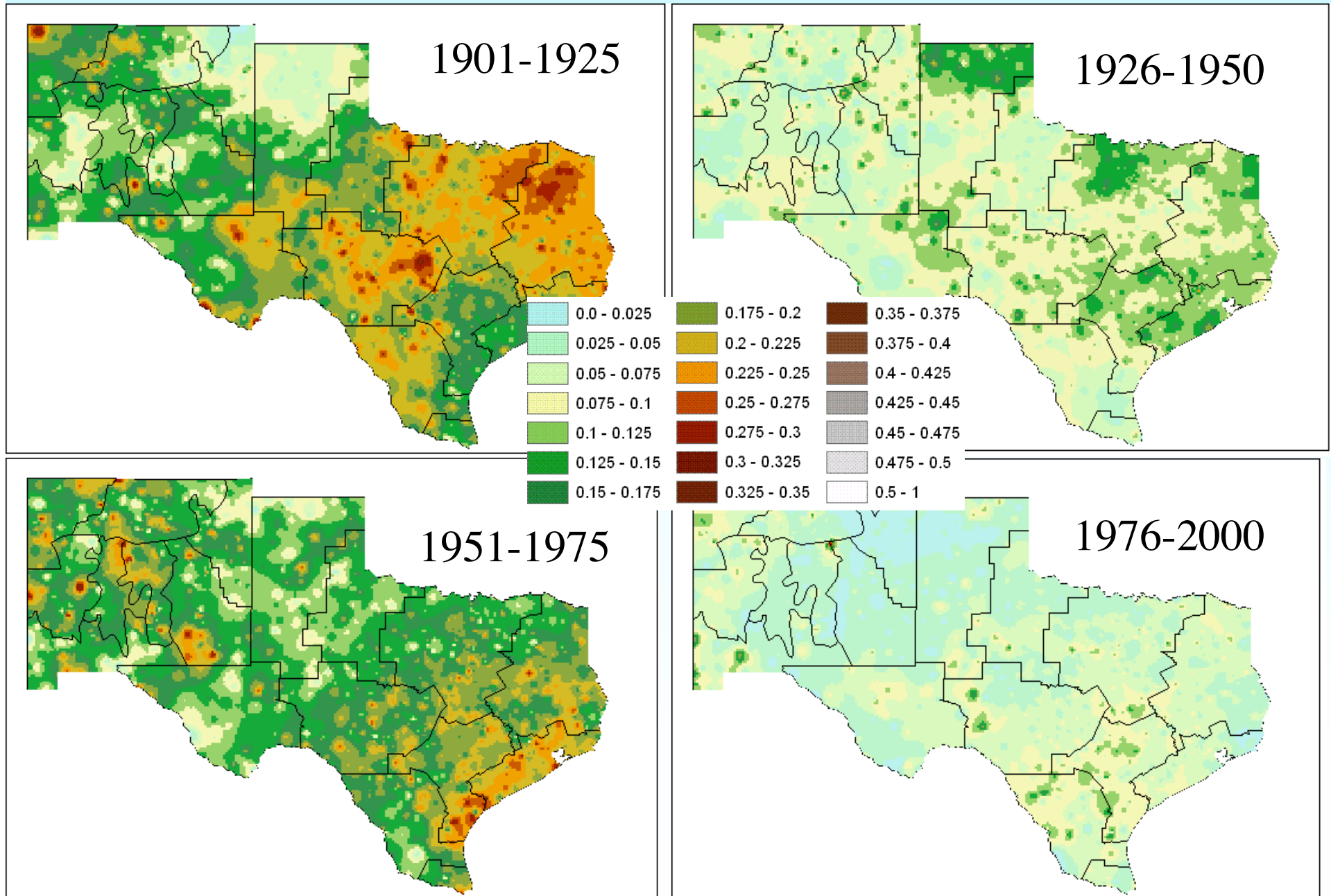


# La Niña

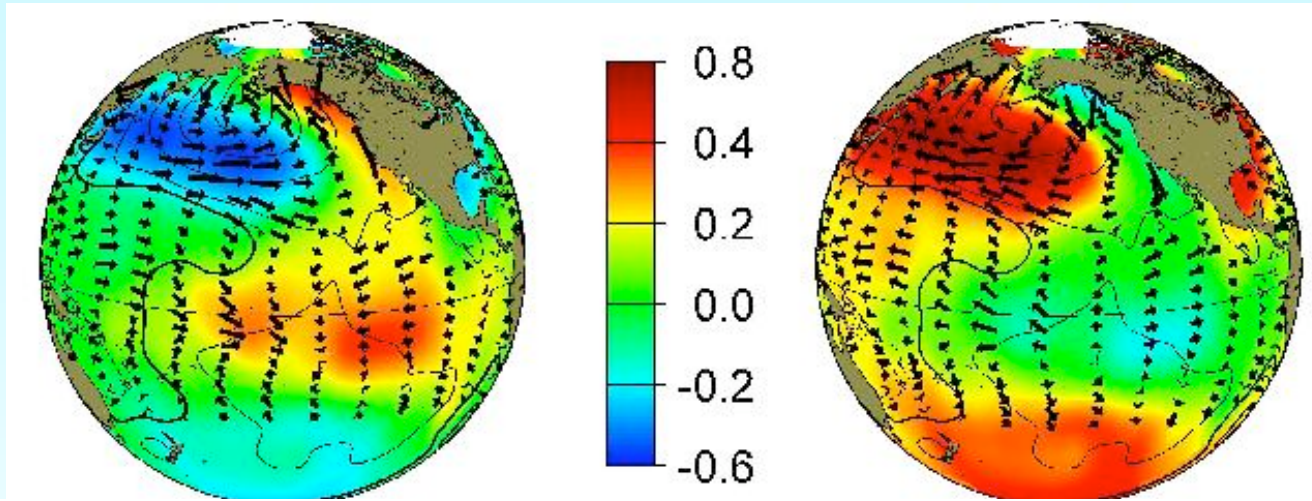


Late Winter 2008 Sea Surface Temperature Anomalies

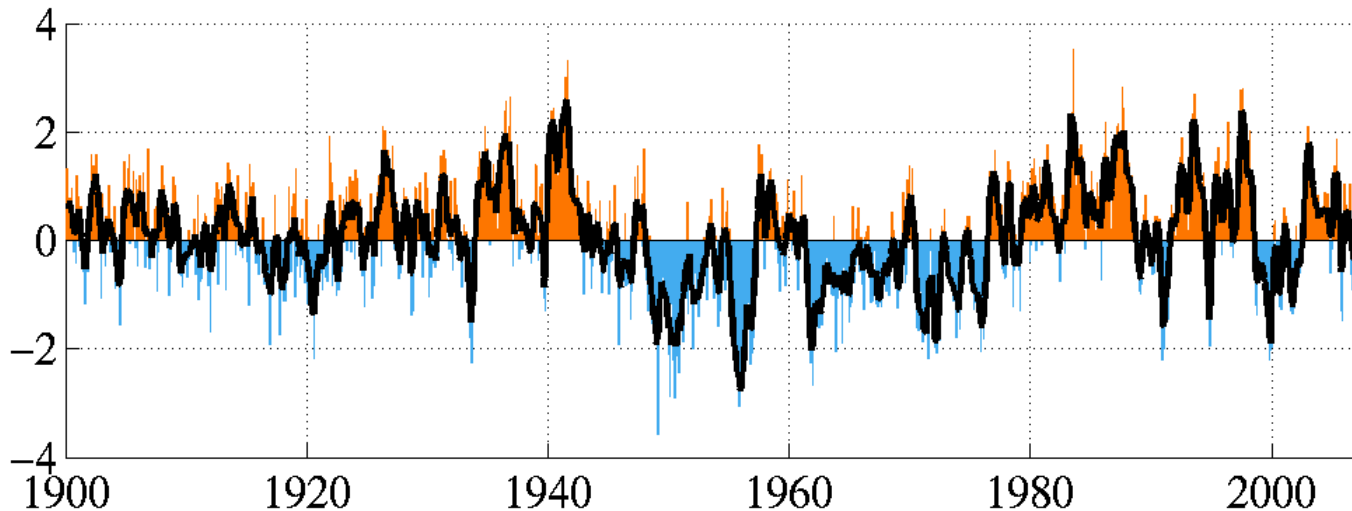
# Fraction of months in drought, based on 12-month total precipitation



# Pacific Decadal Oscillation



monthly values for the PDO index: 1900–January 2008



Negative values of PDO enhance effect of La Niña

# Final Remarks

- Temperature likely to go up
  - Rate of increase faster than global mean since 1980
  - Important driver of future water demand
- Future precipitation change unknown
  - We've gotten used to a wet climate regime
  - Climate models: leaning toward less rainfall
  - Historical trends: leaning toward more rainfall
- Natural vs. anthropogenic
  - Natural variability is large
  - Man is tipping the scales
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