

Texas Water Conditions Report

May 2026



Water News:

A Collision Floating Evaporation Pan (CFEP, pictured above) was installed by Agua del Sol Consultants, LLC. on Lake Buchanan this month. The CFEP directly measures open water (reservoir) evaporation. In addition, it measures wind speed & direction, air temperature, relative humidity, barometric pressure, solar radiation, and water surface temperature, which can be used to calculate evaporation from the lake.

<https://aguadelsol.org/services/>

<https://www.twdb.texas.gov/surfacewater/rivers/reservoirs/buchanan/index.asp>

RAINFALL

In May, little rainfall [yellow and orange shading, Figure 1(a)] to no rain [red shading, Figure 1(a)] fell over the High Plains, Low Rolling Plains, the Trans Pecos, northern North Central, western Edwards Plateau, northwestern Southern, northwestern South Central, and northern East Texas climate divisions. The southern Low Rolling Plains, the Edwards Plateau, North Central, East Texas, Southern, South Central, areas of the Lower Valley, and the Upper Coast climate divisions received up to 17.6 inches of rain [light and dark blue shading, Figure 1(a)].

Compared to historical data from 1991–2020, the High Plains, Low Rolling Plains, and portions of the Trans Pecos, southern Edwards Plateau, northern North Central, and northern East Texas climate divisions received 0–75 percent of normal rainfall [yellow and orange shading, Figure 1(b)]. Normal rainfall, 125–200 percent [green shading, Figure 1(b)] was received across areas of all climate divisions. 200–300 percent of normal rainfall [light blue shading, Figure 1(b)], was seen in portions of the southern High Plains, Trans Pecos, Edwards Plateau, southern Low Rolling Plains, Southern, Lower Valley, South Central, southern North Central, southern East Texas, and western Upper Coast climate divisions. 300–400 percent of normal rainfall [dark blue shading, Figure 1(b)], was seen in the Trans Pecos, Southern, South Central, and western Upper Coast climate divisions. 400–600 percent of normal rainfall [purple shading, Figure 1(b)] was seen in southern portions of the Southern climate division, southern South Central, and southwestern Upper Coast climate divisions.

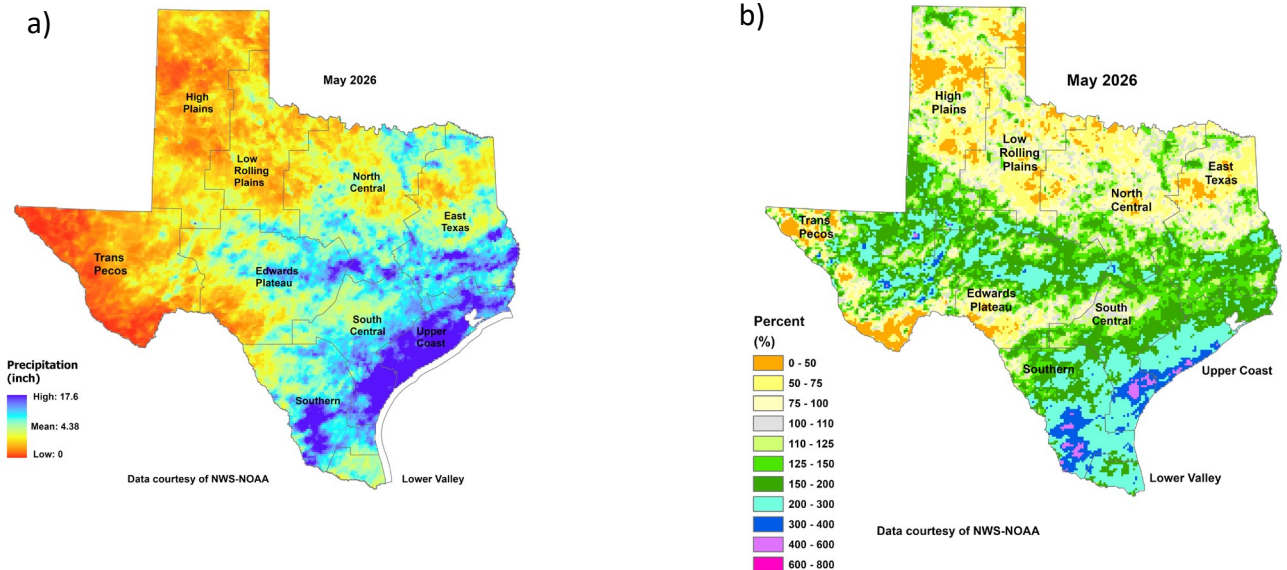


Figure 1: (a) Monthly accumulated rainfall, and (b) Percent of normal rainfall

DROUGHT

At the end of May, 79.86% of the state was in the D0 (abnormally dry) through D4 (exceptional drought) categories (**Figure 2**). This is approximately 4.14% lower than the end of April.

U.S. Drought Monitor Texas

May 26, 2026

(Released Thursday, May. 28, 2026)

Valid 8 a.m. EDT

Drought Conditions (Percent Area)

	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4
Current	20.14	79.86	57.43	36.74	12.41	1.62
Last Week 05-19-2026	19.22	80.78	65.33	43.57	14.35	1.05
3 Months Ago 02-24-2026	1.11	98.89	80.20	43.24	18.86	1.45
Start of Calendar Year 01-06-2026	11.66	88.34	57.31	27.77	9.33	0.36
Start of Water Year 09-30-2025	37.15	62.85	23.67	13.00	3.33	0.29
One Year Ago 05-27-2025	51.37	48.63	38.87	29.70	22.41	14.03

Intensity:

None	D2 Severe Drought
D0 Abnormally Dry	D3 Extreme Drought
D1 Moderate Drought	D4 Exceptional Drought

The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. For more information on the Drought Monitor, go to <https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/About.aspx>

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NOAA/NWS/NCEP/CPC



droughtmonitor.unl.edu

Figure 2. The percentage of land area in Texas experiencing abnormally dry conditions, and in drought, according to the U.S. Drought Monitor map as of May 26, 2026.

RESERVOIR STORAGE

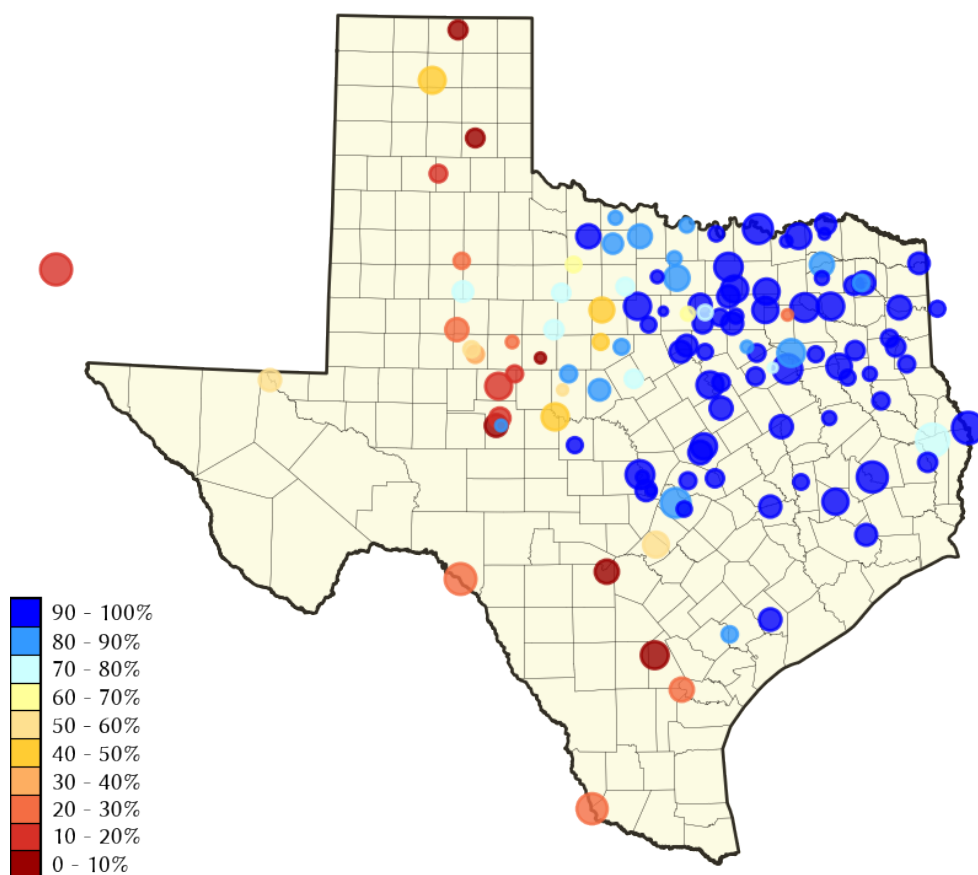


Figure 3. Reservoir conservation storage at end-May expressed as percent full (%)

Out of 120 monitored reservoirs in the state, 33 reservoirs held 100 percent conservation storage capacity, and 35 reservoirs were at or above 90 percent full this month. Seventeen reservoirs remained at or below 30 percent full: Abilene (3.5 percent full), Amistad (29.2 percent full), Choke Canyon (8.2 percent full), Corpus Christi (8.7 percent full), E.V. Spence (11.4 percent full), Falcon (23.5 percent full), Greenbelt (6.5 percent full), J.B. Thomas (25.1 percent full), Mackenzie (12.1 percent full), Medina Lake (4.0 percent full), New Terrell City (26.7 percent full), O.C. Fisher (14.0 percent full), Oak Creek (17.7 percent full), Palo Duro Reservoir (0.4 percent full), Sweetwater (21.9 percent full), Twin Buttes (9.8 percent full), and White River (25.5 percent full). Elephant Butte Reservoir (New Mexico) was 10.1 percent full (Figure 3).

Reservoir conservation storage was at or above normal [Figure 4(a), blue shading] for East Texas (88.9 percent full), North Central (94.6 percent full), and the Upper Coast (100 percent full) climate divisions. The South Central (68.8 percent full) and the Low Rolling Plains (61.1 percent full) had abnormally low conservation storage [Figure 4(a), yellow shading]. Conservation storage was moderately low [Figure 4(a), orange shading] for the Edwards Plateau (45.3 percent full). The High Plains climate division (36.6 percent full) had severely low conservation storage [Figure 4(a), brown shading]. The Southern (19.3 percent full) and Trans Pecos (16.2 percent full) climate divisions had extremely low conservation storage [Figure 4(a), maroon shading].

Combined conservation storage by river basin or sub-basin was exceptionally low [<10 percent full, red shading, Figure 4(b)] in the San Antonio river basin. The Upper/Mid Rio Grande and Nueces river basin had extremely low conservation storage [10–20 percent full, maroon shading, Figure 4 (b)]. Severely low conservation storage [20–40 percent full, brown shading, Figure 4(b)] was seen in the Upper Colorado, and Lower Rio Grande river basins. The Canadian river basin had moderately low conservation storage [40–60 percent full, orange shading, Figure 4(b)]. The Guadalupe river basin had abnormally low conservation storage [60–70 percent full, yellow shading, Figure 4(b)]. Normal to high conservation storage [>70 percent full, blue shading, Figure 4(b)] was seen in the Upper and Lower Red, Sulphur, Cypress, Upper and Lower Sabine, Upper and Lower Trinity, Upper and Lower Brazos, Neches, Lower Colorado, Lavaca, and San Jacinto river basins.

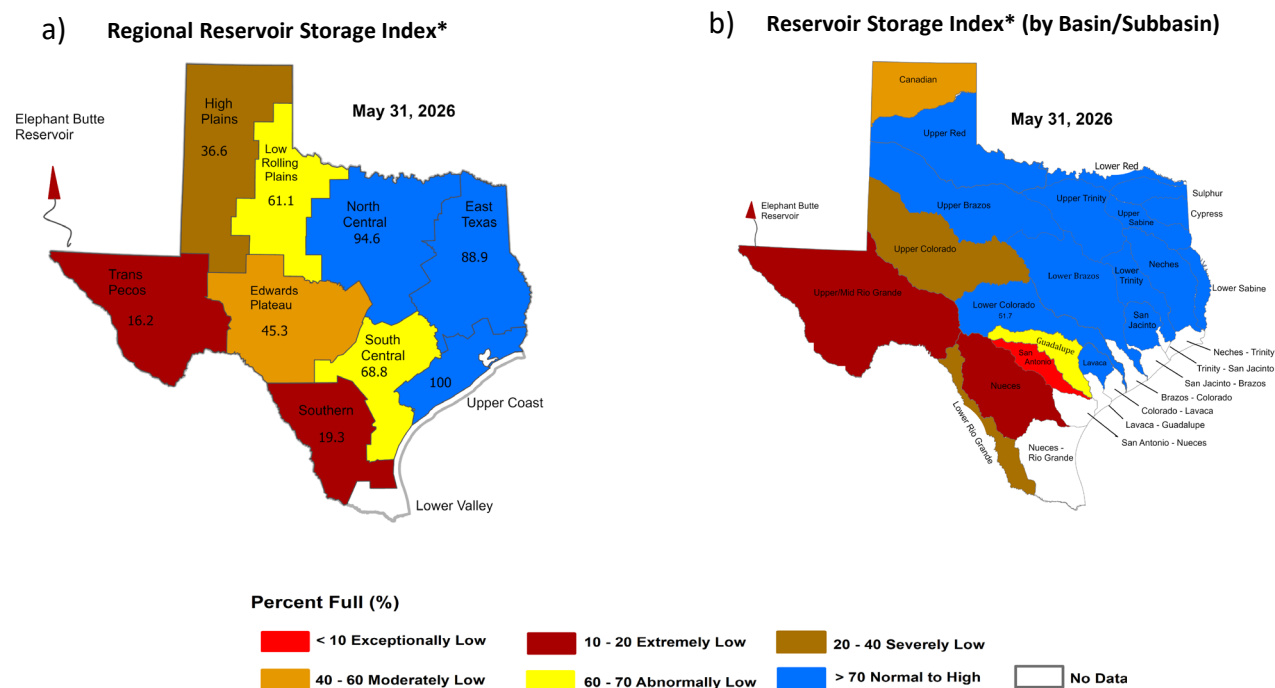


Figure 4: Reservoir Storage Index by a) climate division, and b) basin/sub-basin.

*Reservoir Storage Index is defined as the percent full of conservation storage capacity.

Percent full is calculated as the combined conservation storage of all reservoirs in a climate region or a basin/subbasin, excluding dead pool storage.

CONSERVATION STORAGE DATA FOR SELECTED MAJOR TEXAS RESERVOIRS

Name of lake or reservoir	Storage capacity	Storage at end-May 2026		Storage change from end-Apr 2026		Storage change from end-May 2025	
	(acre-feet)	(acre-feet)	(%)	(acre-feet)	(%)	(acre-feet)**	(%)
Abilene, Lake	7,900	279	3.5	0	0.0	-139	-1.8
Alan Henry Reservoir	96,207	76,368	79.4	-1,735	-1.8	-16,421	-17.1
*Amistad Reservoir (Texas & Mexico)	3,275,532	602,397	18.4	-13,760	0.0	-27,864	0
*Amistad Reservoir (Texas)	1,813,408	533,712	29.4	-20,911	-1.2	18,149	1.0
Amon G Carter, Lake	19,266	16,108	83.6	-460	-2.4	-3,158	-16.4
Aquilla Lake	43,243	41,988	97.1	182	0.4	-1,255	-2.9
Arlington, Lake	40,157	38,836	96.7	-209	0.0	-1,321	-3.3
Arrowhead, Lake	230,359	193,205	83.9	-3,693	-1.6	-32,826	-14.2
Athens, Lake	29,503	29,503	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
*Austin, Lake	23,972	23,112	96.4	-108	0.0	-93	0.0
B A Steinhagen Lake	69,186	63,503	91.8	-4,564	-6.6	-1,762	-2.5
Bardwell Lake	43,856	43,856	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Belton Lake	432,631	432,631	100.0	0	0.0	21,736	5.0
Benbrook Lake	85,648	82,812	96.7	5,735	6.7	-2,836	-3.3
Bob Sandlin, Lake	192,417	185,980	96.7	349	0.2	-6,437	-3.3
Bois d'Arc Lake	367,609	339,323	92.3	14,055	3.8	-28,286	-7.7
Bonham, Lake	11,027	10,537	95.6	1,705	15.5	-490	-4.4
Brady Creek Reservoir	28,808	27,882	96.8	384	1.3	19,196	66.6
Bridgeport, Lake	372,183	323,444	86.9	227	0.1	-48,739	-13.1
*Brownwood, Lake	130,868	108,150	82.6	364	0.3	-22,718	-17.4
Buchanan, Lake	866,694	863,329	99.6	28,299	3.3	395,810	45.7
Caddo, Lake	29,898	29,898	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Canyon Lake	378,781	223,701	59.1	699	0.2	51,607	13.6
Cedar Creek Reservoir in Trinity	644,686	541,321	84.0	886	0.1	-103,365	-16.0
Champion Creek Reservoir	41,580	16,342	39.3	-28	0.0	-3,728	-9.0
Cherokee, Lake	40,094	40,094	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Choke Canyon Reservoir	662,820	54,217	8.2	6,044	0.9	-37,950	-5.7
*Cisco, Lake	29,003	13,635	47.0	-189	0.0	-2,914	-10.0
Coleman, Lake	38,075	32,785	86.1	-463	-1.2	-5,146	-13.5
Colorado City, Lake	31,040	25,127	81.0	1,992	6.4	-2,470	-8.0
*Coleto Creek Reservoir	30,758	15,991	52.0	-85	0.0	-4,816	-15.7
Comanche Creek Reservoir	151,250	151,250	100	0	0.0	0	0.0
Conroe, Lake	417,577	414,996	99.4	18,782	4.5	-2,581	0.0
Corpus Christi, Lake	256,062	57,073	22.3	34,811	13.6	7,792	3.0
Crook, Lake	9,195	9,195	100.0	42	0.5	0	0.0
Cypress Springs, Lake	66,756	65,372	97.9	479	0.7	-1,384	-2.1
E. V. Spence Reservoir	517,272	58,770	11.4	0	0.0	-20,617	-4.0
Eagle Mountain Lake	185,087	175,562	94.9	-4,218	-2.3	-9,525	-5.1
Elephant Butte Reservoir (Texas)	852,491	85,917	10.1	-21,346	-2.5	-20,024	-2.3
Elephant Butte Reservoir (Total Storage)	1,960,900	198,881	10.1	-49,412	-2.5	-46,352	-2.4
*Falcon Reservoir (Texas & Mexico)	2,646,817	439,347	16.6	52,910	2.0	148,307	5.6
*Falcon Reservoir (Texas)	1,562,367	367,613	23.5	33,458	2.1	135,452	8.7
Fork Reservoir, Lake	606,088	555,382	91.6	14,661	2.4	-50,706	-8.4
Fort Phantom Hill, Lake	70,030	50,575	72.2	-1,346	-1.9	-2,010	-2.9
Georgetown, Lake	38,005	38,005	100.0	3,895	10.2	11,849	31.2
Gibbons Creek Reservoir	25,721	24,458	95.1	50	0.2	-1,263	-4.9
Graham, Lake	45,288	35,094	77.5	-734	-1.6	-10,194	-22.5
Granbury, Lake	132,949	131,322	98.8	-975	0.0	3,528	2.7

CONSERVATION STORAGE DATA FOR SELECTED MAJOR TEXAS RESERVOIRS

Name of lake or reservoir	Storage capacity	Storage at end-May 2026		Storage change from end-Apr 2026		Storage change from end-May 2025	
	(acre-feet)	(acre-feet)	(%)	(acre-feet)	(%)	(acre-feet)**	(%)
<i>Continued</i>							
Granger Lake	51,822	51,822	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Grapevine Lake	163,064	163,064	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Greenbelt Lake	59,968	3,893	6.5	-181	0.0	-2,211	-3.7
*Halbert, Lake	6,033	4,702	77.9	145	2.4	-826	-13.7
Hords Creek Lake	8,109	4,370	53.9	-52	0.0	-1,337	-16.5
Houston County Lake	17,113	17,113	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Houston, Lake	132,318	132,318	100.0	9,566	7.2	0	0.0
Hubbard Creek Reservoir	313,298	139,722	44.6	-2,041	0.0	-20,004	-6.4
Hubert H Moss Lake	24,058	22,019	91.5	83	0.3	-2,039	-8.5
Inks, Lake	13,729	13,092	95.4	40	0.3	-16	0.0
J. B. Thomas, Lake	199,931	50,219	25.1	-2,131	-1.1	-23,003	-11.5
Jacksonville, Lake	25,670	25,670	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Jim Chapman Lake (Cooper)	258,723	219,516	84.8	10,405	4.0	-39,207	-15.2
Joe Pool Lake	149,629	149,629	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Kemp, Lake	245,307	231,733	94.5	-3,283	-1.3	-13,574	-5.5
Kickapoo, Lake	86,345	75,072	86.9	-433	0.0	-11,273	-13.1
Lavon Lake	409,757	409,757	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Leon, Lake	27,762	22,369	80.6	-60	0.0	-5,235	-18.9
Lewisville Lake	563,228	563,228	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Limestone, Lake	203,780	193,239	94.8	22,271	10.9	-10,541	-5.2
*Livingston, Lake	1,603,504	1,603,504	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
*Lost Creek Reservoir	11,950	11,401	95.4	-4	0.0	-549	-4.6
Lyndon B Johnson, Lake	112,778	110,468	98.0	894	0.8	-641	0.0
Mackenzie Reservoir	46,450	5,609	12.1	38	0.1	440	0.9
Marble Falls, Lake	7,597	7,161	94.3	30	0.4	-120	-1.6
Martin, Lake	75,726	72,158	95.3	-193	0.0	-3,568	-4.7
Medina Lake	254,823	10,117	4.0	298	0.1	4,760	1.9
Meredith, Lake	500,000	220,446	44.1	-3,890	0.0	5,674	1.1
Millers Creek Reservoir	26,768	17,048	63.7	-602	-2.2	-6,577	-24.6
*Mineral Wells, Lake	5,273	5,273	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Monticello, Lake	34,740	28,355	81.6	121	0.3	-2,315	-6.7
Mountain Creek, Lake	22,850	22,850	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Murvaul, Lake	38,285	38,285	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Nacogdoches, Lake	39,522	38,079	96.3	-170	0.0	-1,377	-3.5
Nasworthy	9,615	8,220	85.5	-49	0.0	-86	0.0
Navarro Mills Lake	49,827	49,827	100.0	1,264	2.5	0	0.0
New Terrell City Lake	8,583	2,289	26.7	-68	0.0	-562	-6.5
Nocona, Lake (Farmers Crk)	21,444	18,093	84.4	-414	-1.9	-3,351	-15.6
North Fork Buffalo Creek Reservoir	15,400	13,048	84.7	-463	-3.0	-2,352	-15.3
O' the Pines, Lake	241,363	241,363	100.0	352	0.1	0	0.0
O. C. Fisher Lake	115,742	16,196	14.0	-199	0.0	5,012	4.3
*O. H. Ivie Reservoir	554,340	268,018	48.3	7,730	1.4	43,590	7.9
Oak Creek Reservoir	39,210	6,940	17.7	-152	0.0	-3,594	-9.2

CONSERVATION STORAGE DATA FOR SELECTED MAJOR TEXAS RESERVOIRS							
Name of lake or reservoir	Storage capacity	Storage at end-May 2026		Storage change from end-Apr 2026		Storage change from end-May 2025	
	(acre-feet)	(acre-feet)	(%)	(acre-feet)	(%)	(acre-feet)**	(%)
<i>Continued</i>							
Palestine, Lake	367,303	362,698	98.7	-4,605	-1.3	-4,605	-1.3
Palo Duro Reservoir	61,066	224	0.4	-2	0.0	-135	0.0
Palo Pinto, Lake	26,766	25,447	95.1	-43	0.0	-1,319	-4.9
Pat Cleburne, Lake	26,008	25,961	99.8	46	0.2	-47	0.0
*Pat Mayse Lake	113,683	108,210	95.2	4,324	3.8	-5,473	-4.8
Possum Kingdom Lake	538,139	500,007	92.9	-7,483	-1.4	-29,410	-5.5
Proctor Lake	54,762	42,783	78.1	1,496	2.7	-11,979	-21.9
Ray Hubbard, Lake	439,559	439,559	100.0	0	0.0	1,044	0.2
Ray Roberts, Lake	788,167	788,167	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Red Bluff Reservoir	145,165	75,753	52.2	-2,173	-1.5	9,940	6.8
Richland-Chambers Reservoir	1,099,417	1,020,466	92.8	848	0.1	-78,951	-7.2
Sam Rayburn Reservoir	2,857,077	2,038,371	71.3	13,463	0.5	-818,706	-28.7
Somerville Lake	150,293	150,293	100.0	31,869	21.2	0	0.0
Stamford, Lake	51,570	36,720	71.2	-1,661	-3.2	-14,850	-28.8
Stillhouse Hollow Lake	229,796	229,796	100.0	2,242	1.0	13,623	5.9
Striker, Lake	16,878	16,878	100.0	351	2.1	273	1.6
Sweetwater, Lake	12,267	2,690	21.9	-86	0.0	-1,377	-11.2
*Sulphur Springs, Lake	17,747	17,747	100.0	1,294	7.3	0	0.0
Tawakoni, Lake	871,685	871,685	100.0	7,380	0.8	0	0.0
Texana, Lake	158,975	158,975	100.0	55,965	35.2	29,668	18.7
Texoma, Lake (Texas & Oklahoma)	2,487,601	2,593,155	100.0	90,178	3.6	-1,126,317	-45.3
Texoma, Lake (Texas)	1,243,801	1,243,801	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Toledo Bend Reservoir (Texas & Louisiana)	4,472,900	4,128,188	92.3	115,155	2.6	-269,758	-6.0
Toledo Bend Reservoir (Texas)	2,236,450	2,062,044	92.2	57,578	2.6	-134,879	-6.0
Travis, Lake	1,098,044	900,477	82.0	94,197	8.6	423,305	38.6
Twin Buttes Reservoir	182,454	17,865	9.8	-912	0.0	-7,478	-4.1
Tyler, Lake	72,073	69,790	96.8	-1,205	-1.7	-2,283	-3.2
Waco, Lake	188,891	188,891	100.0	0	0.0	759	0.4
Waxahachie, Lake	11,060	9,807	88.7	215	1.9	-1,253	-11.3
Weatherford, Lake	17,812	12,258	68.8	83	0.5	-2,371	-13.3
White River Lake	31,846	8,136	25.5	-240	0.0	-1,014	-3.2
Whitney, Lake	564,808	562,029	99.5	8,716	1.5	-2,779	0.0
Worth, Lake	24,419	17,803	72.9	-1,869	-7.7	-6,616	-27.1
Wright Patman Lake	122,593	122,593	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
STATEWIDE TOTAL							
STATEWIDE TOTAL	32,232,573	23,932,222	74.2	404,675	1.3	-521,850	-1.6

*Total volume below elevation of conservation pool top is used as the conservation storage capacity, because the dead pool storage is unknown.

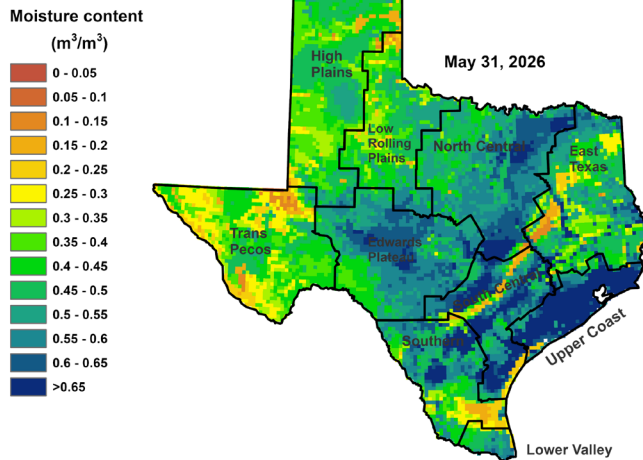
**Monthly and yearly changes do not include reservoirs that did not have data in the last month or last year, respectively.

SOIL MOISTURE

At the end of May 2026, root zone soil moisture was low [yellow, orange shading, [Figure 5(a)] in the northeastern and southern High Plains, scattered areas of the Low Rolling Plains, portions of the Trans Pecos, southern Southern, northern and the southern border of the South Central, eastern Lower Valley, and western and northeastern East Texas climate divisions. Average soil moisture [green shading, Figure 5(a)] was seen in portions of all climate divisions. High soil moisture [blue shading, Figure 5(a)] was seen in the central and southern High Plains, southern Low Rolling Plains, Edwards Plateau, North Central, northern Southern, areas of East Texas, South Central, and the Upper Coast climate divisions.

Compared to conditions at the end of April soil moisture increased [blue shading in Figure 5(b)] in the northern and southern High Plains, northern Low Rolling Plains, northern Trans Pecos, Southern, southern South Central, southern East Texas, and the Upper Coast climate divisions. Soil moisture decreased [red shading in Figure 5(b)] in the central High Plains, Low Rolling Plains, portions of the Trans Pecos, Edwards Plateau, northern South Central, North Central, and East Texas climate divisions.

a)



Data from NASA Soil Moisture Active Passive (SMAP) Level 4 - Model - Value Added Version 8.
Soil moisture content is shown as volume of water per unit volume of bulk soil. Root zone: 0 to 1 meter depth.

b)

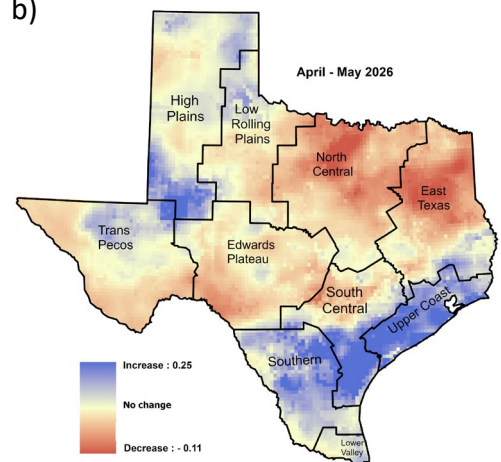


Figure 5: (a) Root zone soil moisture conditions in May 2026 and (b) the difference in root zone soil moisture between end-April 2026 and end-May 2026.

STREAMFLOW CONDITIONS

Much below normal streamflow (<10th percentile, maroon shading, Figure 6) was seen in the Canadian, Upper and Lower Red, and portions of the Upper and Lower Rio Grande river basins.

Below normal streamflow (10–24th percentile, orange shading, Figure 6) was seen in the Canadian, Upper and Lower Red, Upper and Lower Brazos, Trinity, Neches, Cyprus, Upper and Lower Sabine, Upper Colorado, San Antonio, Guadalupe, Nueces, Upper/Mid and Lower Rio Grande, and Pecos river basins.

Normal streamflow (25–75th percentile, green shading, Figure 6) was recorded in the Canadian, Upper Red, Colorado, Trinity, San Jacinto-Brazos, Trinity-San Jacinto, Neches-Trinity, portions of Upper/Mid Rio Grande, Nueces-Rio Grande, San Antonio-Nueces, Lavaca-Guadalupe, Colorado-Lavaca, and Brazos-Colorado river basins.

Above normal streamflow (76–90th percentile, light blue shading, Figure 6) was found in the Lower Colorado (North Llano watershed) river basin.

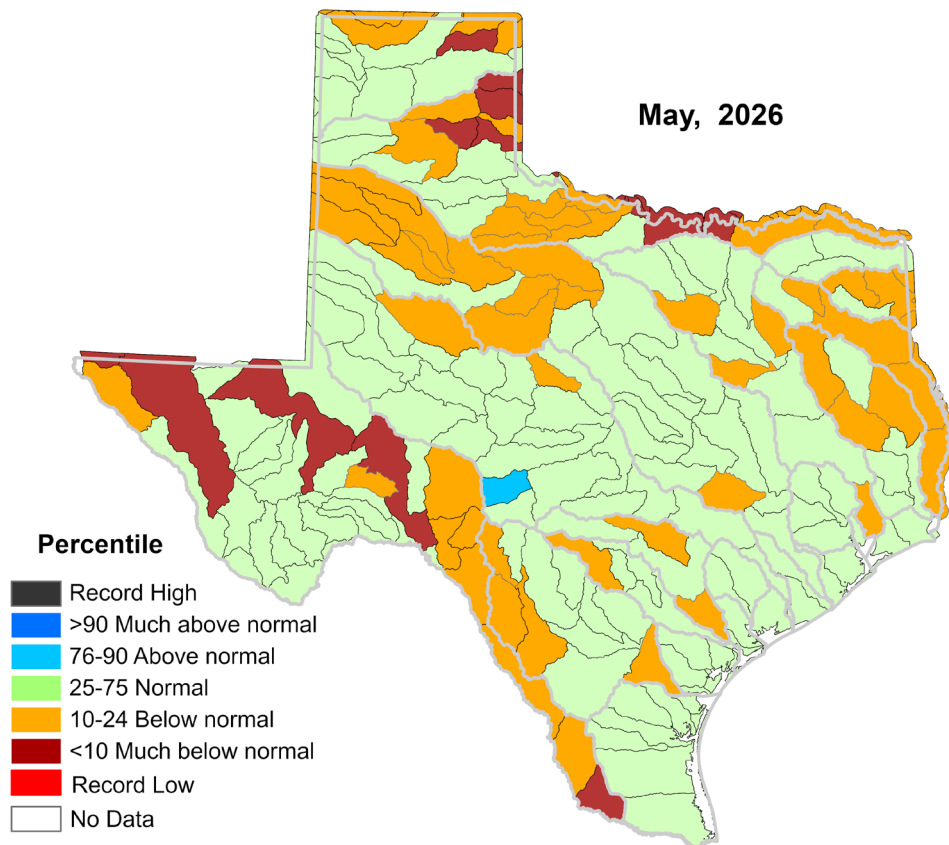
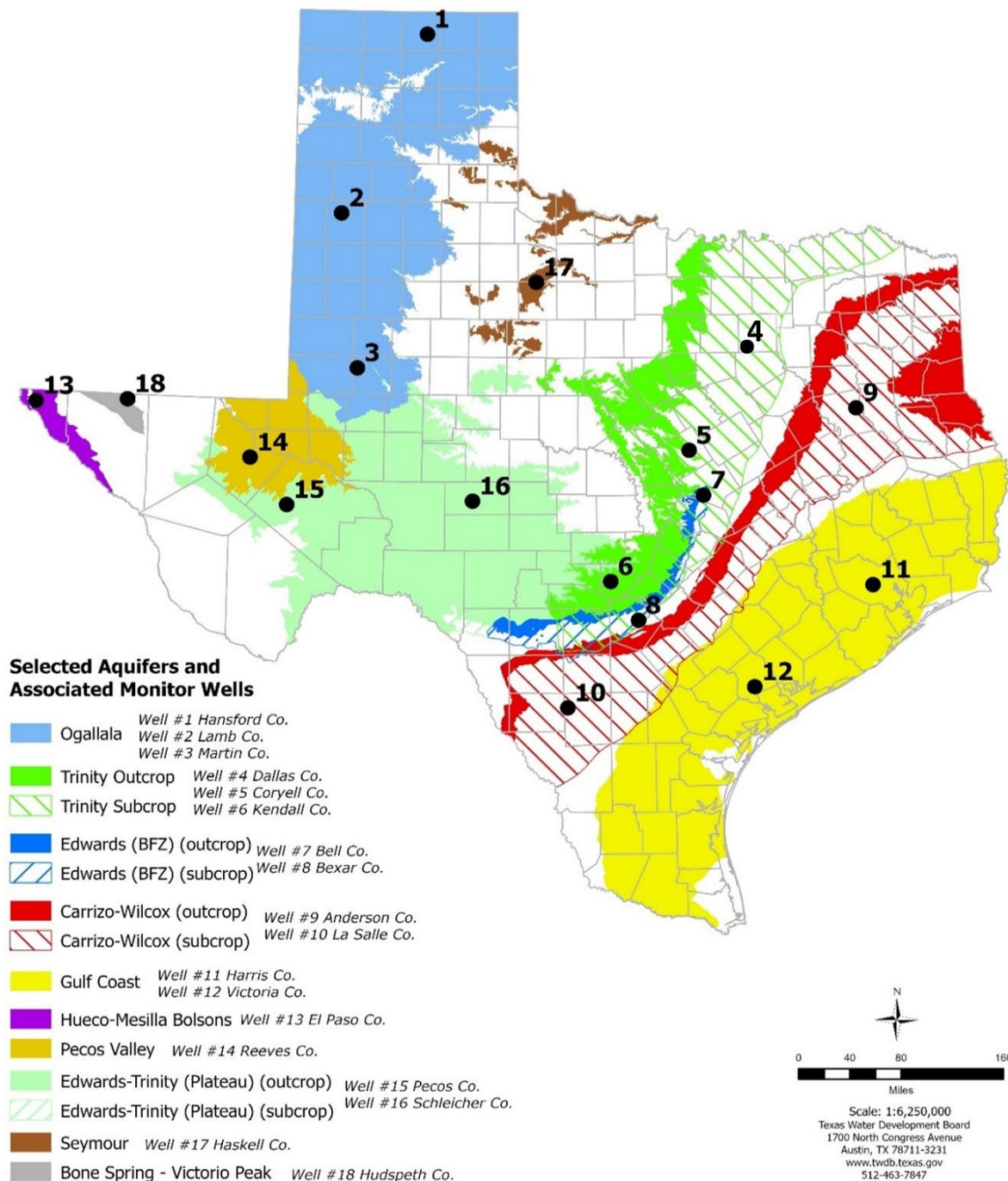


Figure 6: Runoff percentiles by Hydrologic Unit Code based on active streamflow gauges operated by the U.S. Geological Survey and the International Boundary and Water Commission.

RECORDER WELL NETWORK AND WATER DATA FOR TEXAS

The TWDB, in partnership with its cooperators, continues to install and monitor automatic water level recorders in monitoring wells throughout the state. An automatic groundwater level recorder well, or recorder well, refers to a water well installed with water level recording equipment, a datalogger, and satellite or cellular transmitter. The selection and distribution of the 18 wells shown in this report are based on several considerations: key areas of drawdown and recovery, areas where local conditions are affected by recurring pumping cycles or seasonal activities, wells with a means of triggering drought conditions, and site availability. The spatial distribution of recorder wells attempts to capture broader conditions and trends representative of each aquifer while also highlighting areas of particular interest. The hydrographs provided in this report show a five-year history. For more information and to view full periods of record for available hydrographs, please visit [Water Data for Texas](http://www.twdb.texas.gov/WaterDataforTexas).



* Well numbers used in this publication on the aquifer map to indicate the monitoring well locations (numbers 1 to 18) are different than the TWDB's seven-digit state well number.

MAY 2026 GROUNDWATER LEVELS IN MONITORING WELLS

Water level measurements were available for 17 key monitoring wells in the state. Water levels rose in ten monitoring wells since the beginning of May, with an increase of 0.01 feet in the Martin County Ogallala Aquifer well (#3 on map) to 7.39 feet in the Bexar County Edwards (BFZ) Aquifer well (#8 on map). Water levels declined in six monitoring wells, ranging from a decline of -0.01 feet in the Hansford County Ogallala Aquifer well (#1 on map) to -6.10 feet in the La Salle County Carrizo-Wilcox Aquifer well (#10 on map). A monthly water level change was not calculated for the Victoria County Gulf Coast well (#12 on map) or the Schleicher County Edwards-Trinity (Plateau) well (#16 on map) due to data issues at these sites. The J-17 well (#8 on map) in San Antonio recorded a water level of 88.66 feet below land surface or 642.34 feet above mean sea level. The Edwards Aquifer Authority declared a decrease to Stage 2 permit reductions, effective Saturday May 30, 2026, as a result of well J-17 water levels and area spring flow levels.

Monitoring Well	May (depth to water, feet)	April (depth to water, feet)	Month Change	Year Change	Historical Change*	First Measured (year)
(1) Hansford 0354301	167.50	167.49	-0.01	-1.14	-97.38	1951
(2) Lamb 1053602	156.36	156.31	-0.05	-0.66	-128.19	1951
(3) Martin 2739903	143.90	143.91	0.01	0.83	-39.01	1964
(4) Dallas 3325202**	941.28	946.77	5.49	32.45	161.39	2000
(5) Coryell 4035404	551.91	552.58	0.67	-1.62	-259.91	1955
(6) Kendall 6802609	151.68	155.77	4.09	13.07	-91.68	1975
(7) Bell 5804816	122.78	125.09	2.31	2.80	0.73	2008
(8) Bexar 6837203	88.66	96.05	7.39	8.89	-42.02	1932
(9) Anderson 3813106	241.69	241.01	-0.68	-2.43	-96.69	1965
(10) La Salle 7738103	555.79	549.69	-6.10	-18.70	-302.72	2003
(11) Harris 6514409	195.22	195.72	0.50	-0.07	-59.72	1947
(12) Victoria 8017502***	31.45	NA	NA	2.36	2.55	1958
(13) El Paso 4913301	301.49	300.99	-0.50	-1.66	-69.59	1964
(14) Reeves 4644501	144.27	147.78	3.51	13.04	-52.18	1952
(15) Pecos 5216802	210.73	211.32	0.59	0.83	36.15	1976
(16) Schleicher 5512134***	NA	NA	NA	2.56	-13.60	2003
(17) Haskell 2135748	46.87	46.91	0.04	-0.56	-3.87	2002
(18) Hudspeth 4807516	155.51	151.84	-3.67	-2.65	-51.59	1966

* Change since the original measurement taken on the date indicated in the last column.

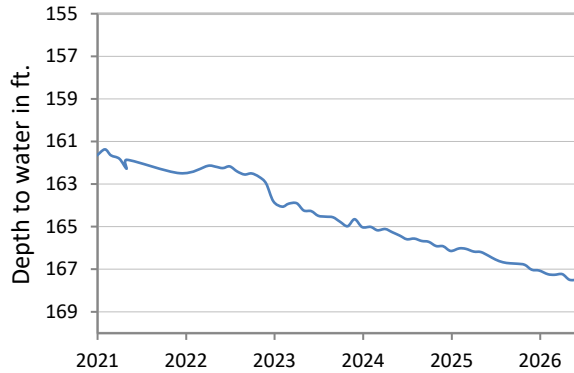
** Recorder well #4 (State Well #33-19-101) was temporarily replaced with another recorder well in Dallas County (State Well #33-25-202) due to ongoing construction in the area.

*** April 2026 data are not available for State Well #80-17-502 and April and May 2026 data are not available for State Well #55-12-134 due to data collection issues. The Year Change and Historical Change shown for State Well #55-12-134 are based on March 2026 data.

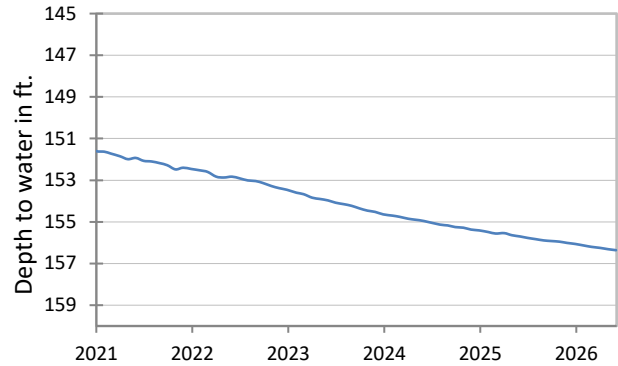
NA (not available). All data are provisional and subject to revision.

MAY 2026 MONITORING WELL HYDROGRAPHS

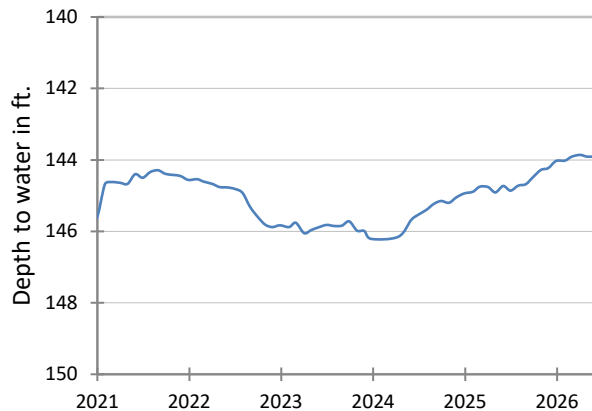
(1) State Well [#03-54-301](#)
Near Spearman, Hansford County
Ogallala Aquifer



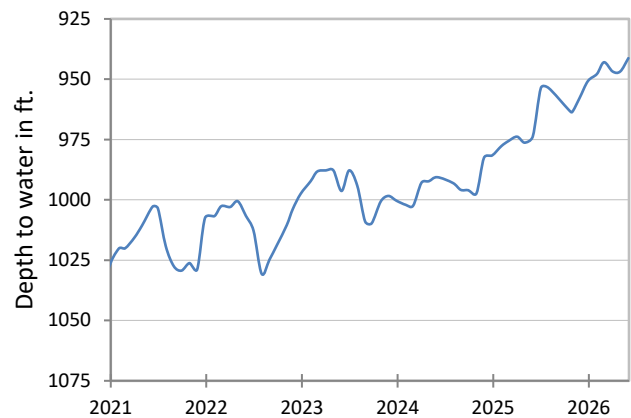
(2) State Well [#10-53-602](#)
Near Earth, Lamb County
Ogallala Aquifer



(3) State Well [#27-39-903](#)
Northwest Martin County
Ogallala Aquifer

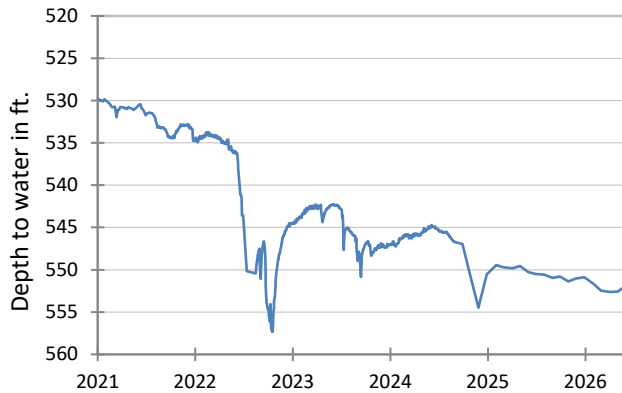


*** (4) State Well [#33-25-202](#)**
Southeast Dallas, Dallas County
Twin Mountains Formation-Trinity Aquifer

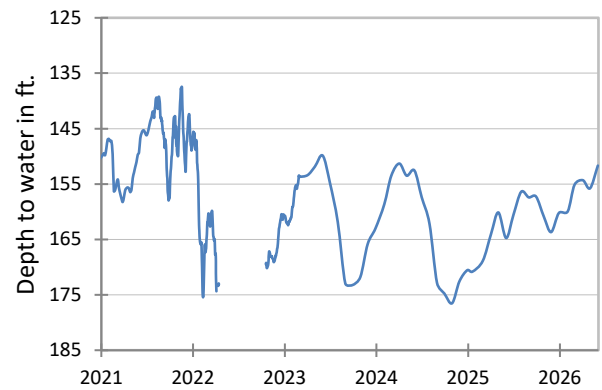


*Recorder well #4 (State Well #33-19-101) was temporarily replaced with another recorder well in Dallas County (State Well #33-25-202) due to ongoing construction in the area. The data shown in the period displayed in this hydrograph are under review related to recent data collection issues and trends.

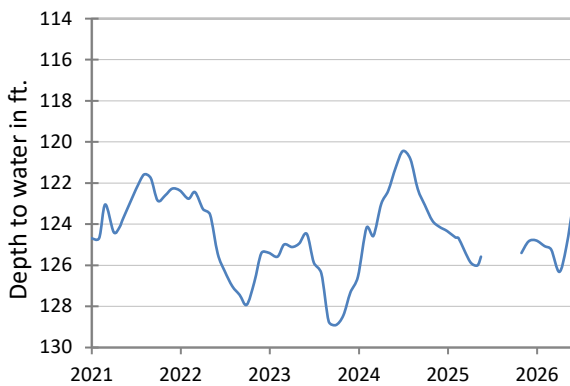
(5) State Well [#40-35-404](#)
Gatesville, Coryell County
Hosston Formation-Trinity Aquifer



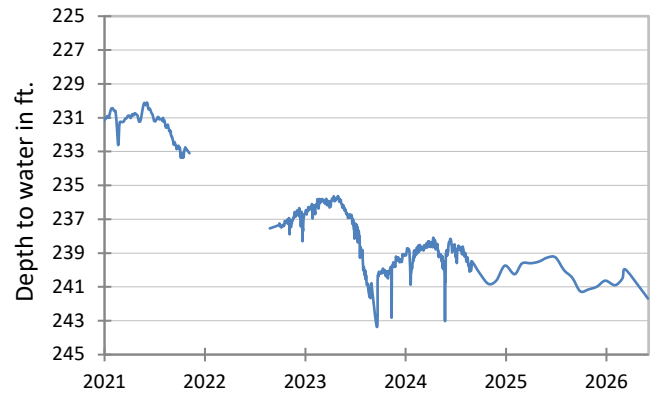
(6) State Well [#68-02-609](#)
Waring, Kendall County
Travis Peak Formation-Trinity Aquifer



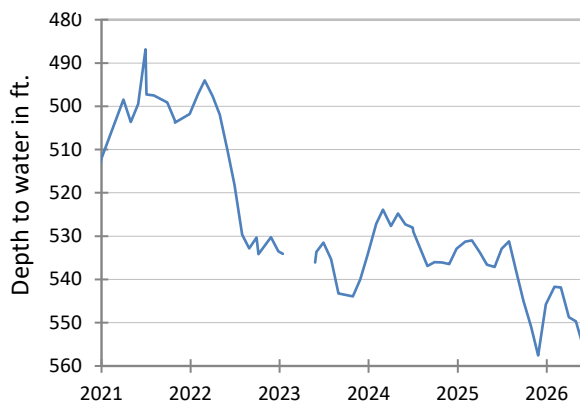
(7) State Well [#58-04-816](#)
Near Salado, Bell County
Edwards (Balcones Fault Zone) Aquifer



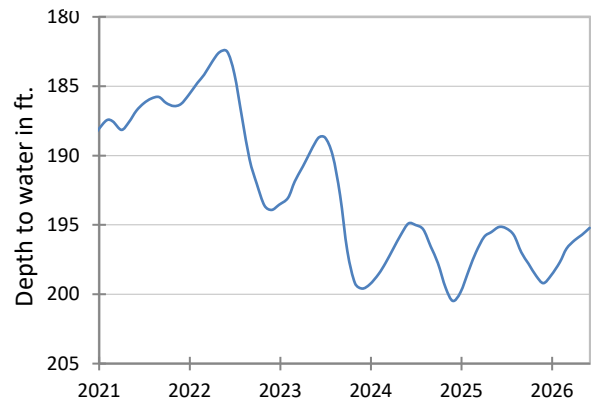
(9) State Well [#38-13-106](#)
Neches, Anderson County
Carrizo-Wilcox Aquifer



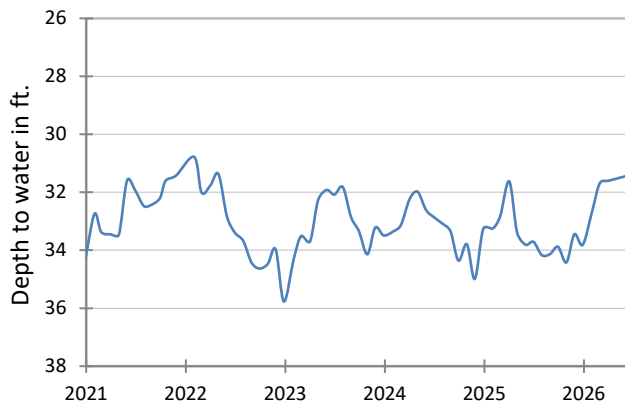
(10) State Well [#77-38-103](#)
Near Cotulla, La Salle County
Carrizo-Wilcox Aquifer



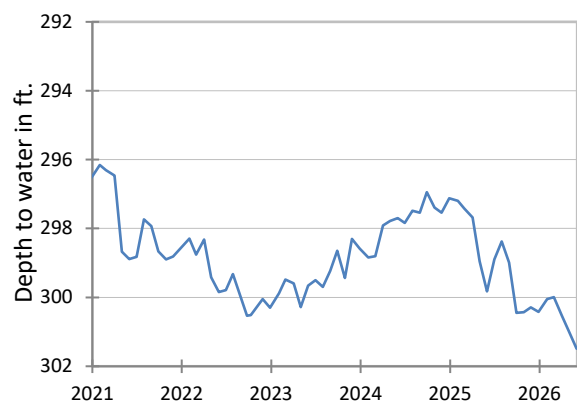
(11) State Well [#65-14-409](#)
North Houston, Harris County
Evangeline Formation-Gulf Coast Aquifer



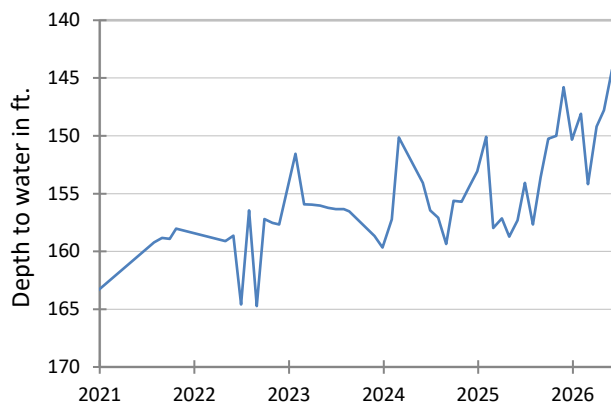
***(12) State Well [#80-17-502](#)**
Near Bloomington, Victoria County
Lissie Formation-Gulf Coast Aquifer



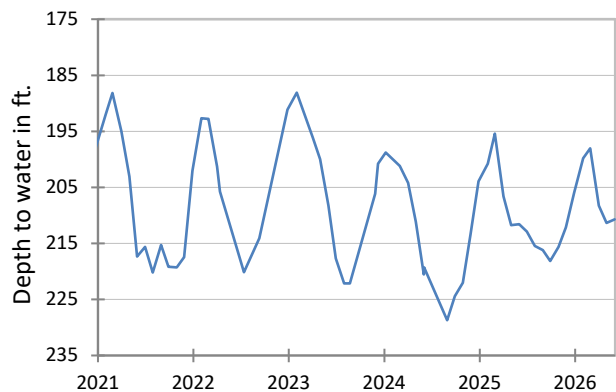
(13) State Well [#49-13-301](#)
El Paso, El Paso County
Hueco-Mesilla Bolsons Aquifer



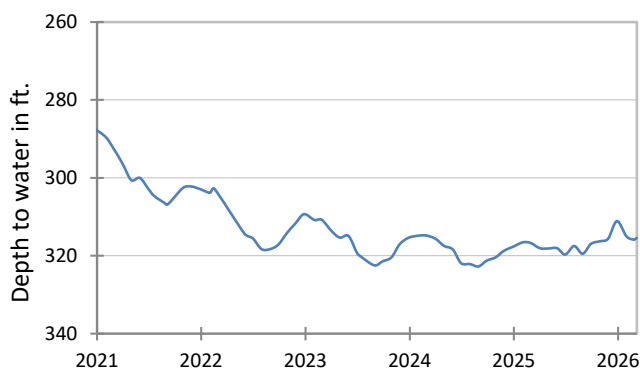
(14) State Well [#46-44-501](#)
Near Pecos, Reeves County
Pecos Valley Aquifer



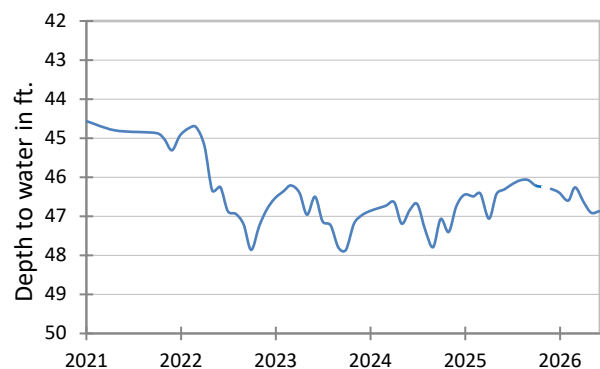
(15) State Well [#52-16-802](#)
Fort Stockton, Pecos County
Edwards-Trinity (Plateau) Aquifer



**** (16) State Well [#55-12-134](#)**
Eldorado, Schleicher County
Edwards-Trinity (Plateau) Aquifer



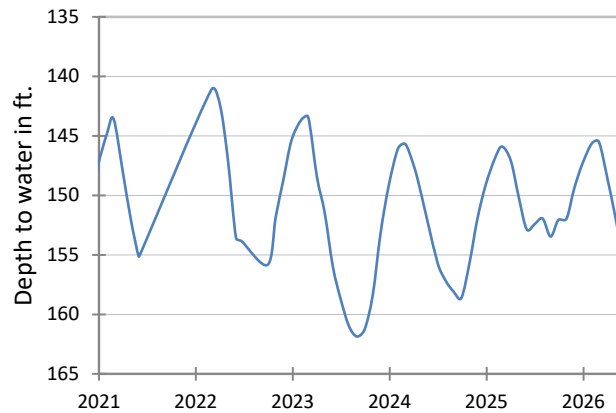
(17) State Well [#21-35-748](#)
Near O'Brien, Haskell County
Seymour Aquifer



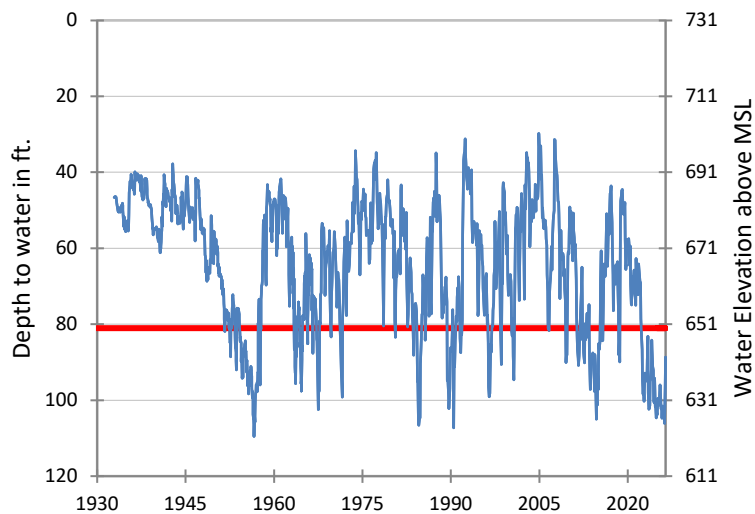
* The data shown in the period displayed in the hydrograph for Recorder well #12 (State Well #80-17-502) are under review related to recent data collection issues.

** April and May 2026 data are not available for Recorder well #6 (State Well #55-12-134) due to data availability or collection issues.

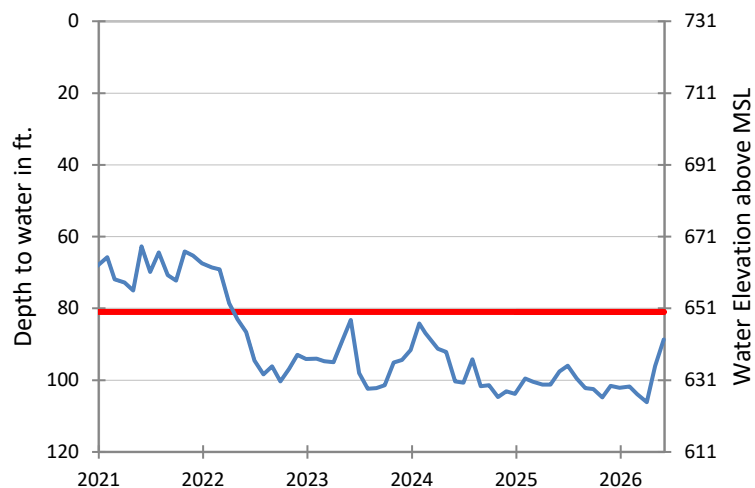
(18) State Well [#48-07-516](#)
Dell City, Hudspeth County
Bone Spring-Victorio Peak Aquifer



(8) State Well [#68-37-203 \(J-17\)](#)
San Antonio, Bexar County
Edwards (Balcones Fault Zone) Aquifer



The late May water level measurement in this Edwards (Balcones Fault Zone) Aquifer well, located at an elevation of 731 feet above mean sea level, was 88.66 feet below land surface, or 642.34 feet above mean sea level. This was 7.39 feet above last month's measurement, 8.89 feet above last year's measurement, and 42.02 feet below the initial measurement recorded in 1932.



Water levels below the red line indicate periods in which Edwards Aquifer Authority Stage 2 drought restrictions are in effect. Effective May 30, 2026, the Edwards Aquifer Authority declared a decrease to Stage 2 permit reductions as a result of well J-17 water levels and area spring flow levels.