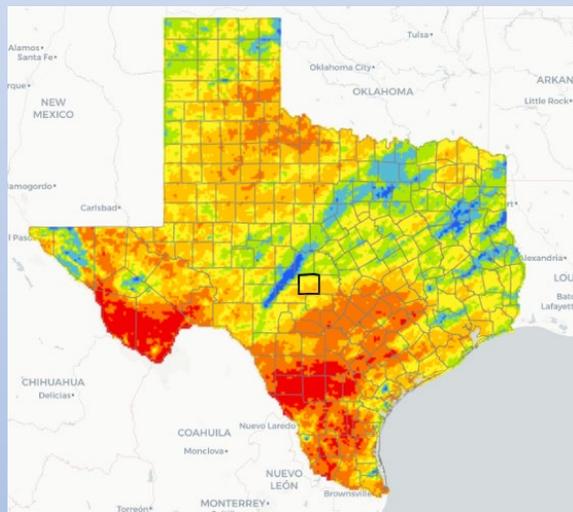
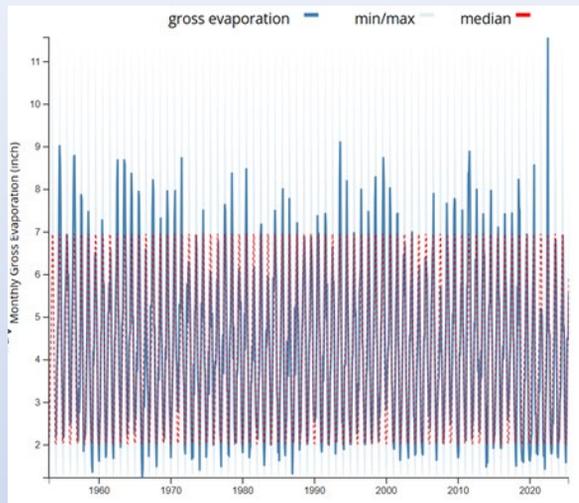
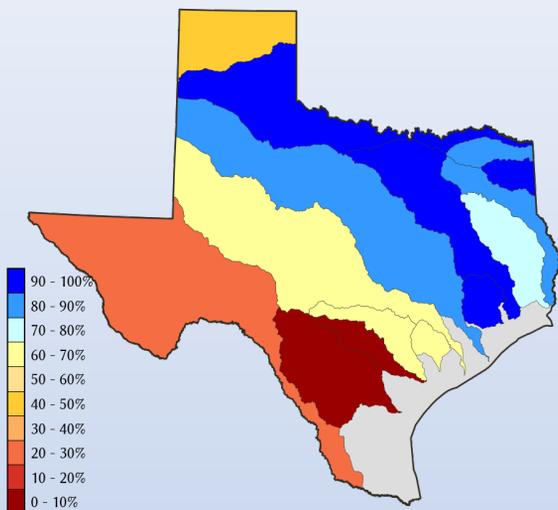


# Texas Water Conditions Report

December 2025



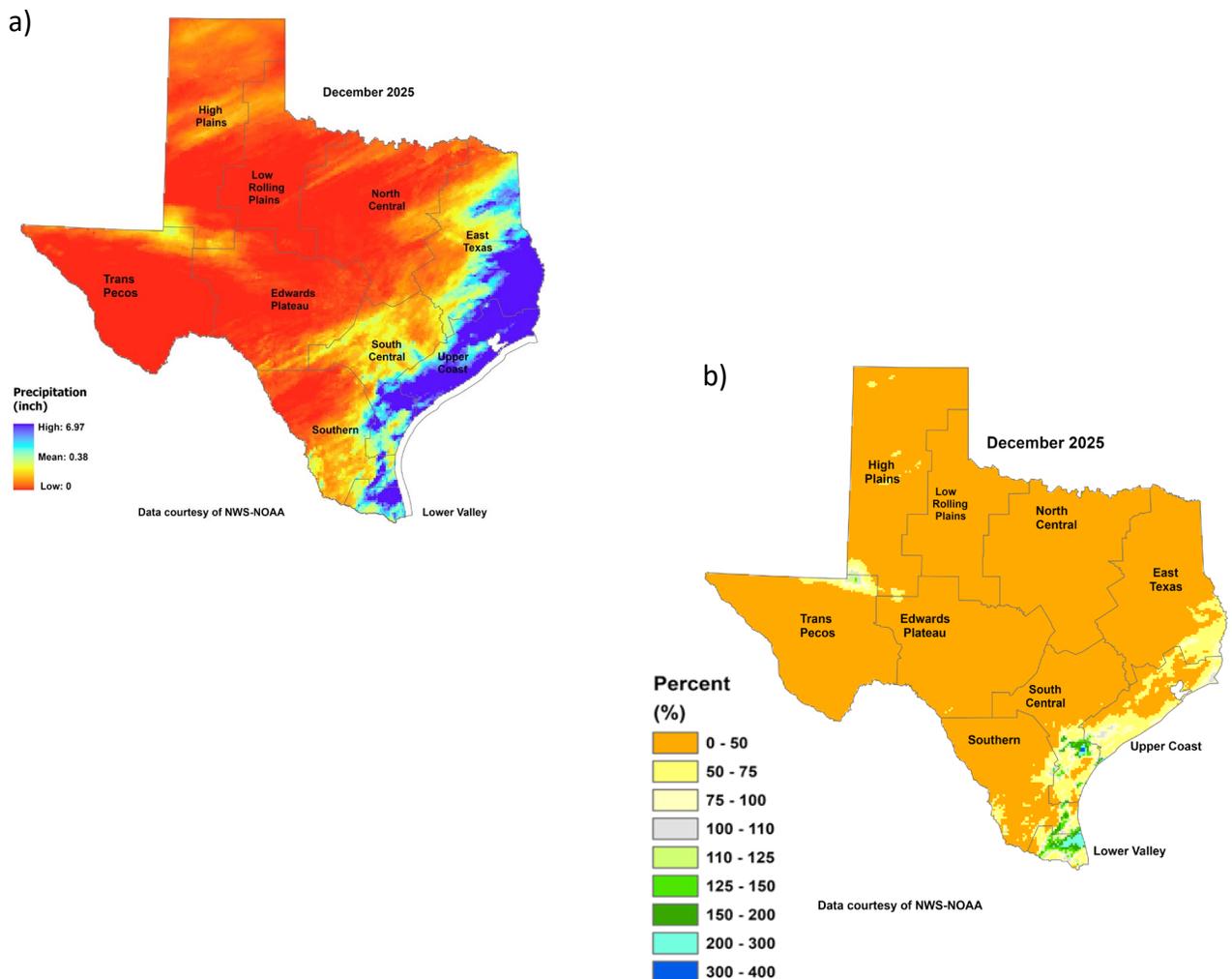
## Water News:

[Water Data for Texas](#) maintains data provided by the United States Geological Survey (USGS), International Boundary Water Commission (IBWC), United States Army Corps of Engineer (USACE), United States Bureau of Reclamation (USBR), Lower Colorado River Authority (LCRA), and Texas Water Development Board (TWDB). The site offers daily or monthly data on Texas reservoir storage, drought conditions, groundwater levels, coastal monitoring, and evaporation.

# RAINFALL

In December, little rainfall [yellow and orange shading, Figure 1(a)] to no rain [red shading, Figure 1(a)] fell over the High Plains, the Low Rolling Plains, Trans Pecos, Edwards Plateau, North Central, Southern, northern South Central, and northern and western East Texas climate divisions. Areas of the southern South Central, eastern Lower Valley, eastern East Texas, and the Upper Coast climate divisions received up to 6.97 inches of rain [light and dark blue shading, Figure 1(a)].

Compared to historical data from 1991–2020, much of the state received 0–75 percent of normal rainfall [yellow and orange shading, Figure 1(b)]. 125–200 percent of normal rainfall [green shading, Figure 1(b)] was only received in the Lower Valley, southern Southern, and southern South Central climate divisions. 200–300 percent of normal rainfall [light blue shading, Figure 1(b)] was received in the southern South Central, and the Lower Valley climate divisions. A small area of the southern South Central climate division received 300–400 percent of normal rainfall [dark blue shading, Figure 1(b)]



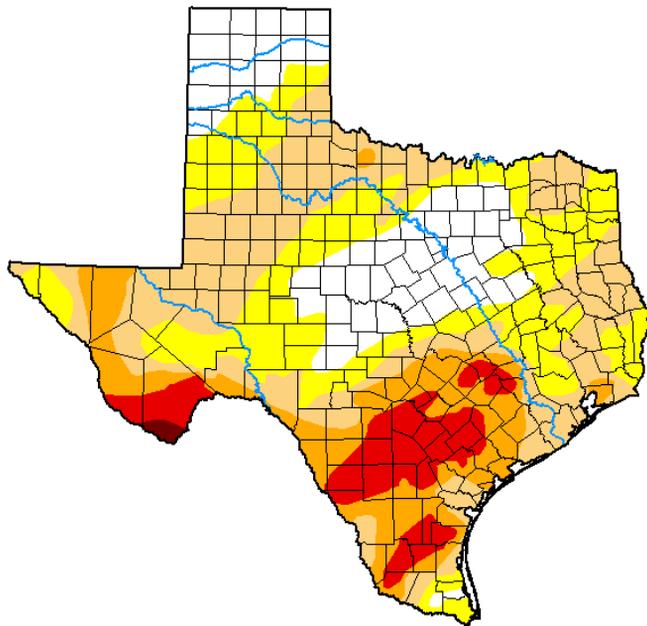
**Figure 1:** (a) Monthly accumulated rainfall, and (b) Percent of normal rainfall

# DROUGHT

At the end of December, 79.96% of the state was in the D0 (abnormally dry) through D4 (exceptional drought) categories (**Figure 2**). This is approximately 5.87% lower than the end of November.

## U.S. Drought Monitor Texas

**December 30, 2025**  
(Released Wednesday, Dec. 31, 2025)  
Valid 7 a.m. EST



*Drought Conditions (Percent Area)*

	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4
<b>Current</b>	20.04	79.96	53.49	23.11	9.33	0.36
<b>Last Week</b> <i>12-23-2025</i>	23.50	76.50	49.59	22.73	8.73	0.36
<b>3 Months Ago</b> <i>09-30-2025</i>	37.15	62.85	23.67	13.00	3.33	0.29
<b>Start of Calendar Year</b> <i>01-07-2025</i>	36.81	63.19	43.63	21.45	13.26	6.30
<b>Start of Water Year</b> <i>09-30-2025</i>	37.15	62.85	23.67	13.00	3.33	0.29
<b>One Year Ago</b> <i>12-31-2024</i>	36.58	63.42	43.51	20.19	12.99	6.30

Intensity:

- None
- D0 Abnormally Dry
- D1 Moderate Drought
- D2 Severe Drought
- D3 Extreme Drought
- D4 Exceptional Drought

*The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. For more information on the Drought Monitor, go to <https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/About.aspx>*

Author:

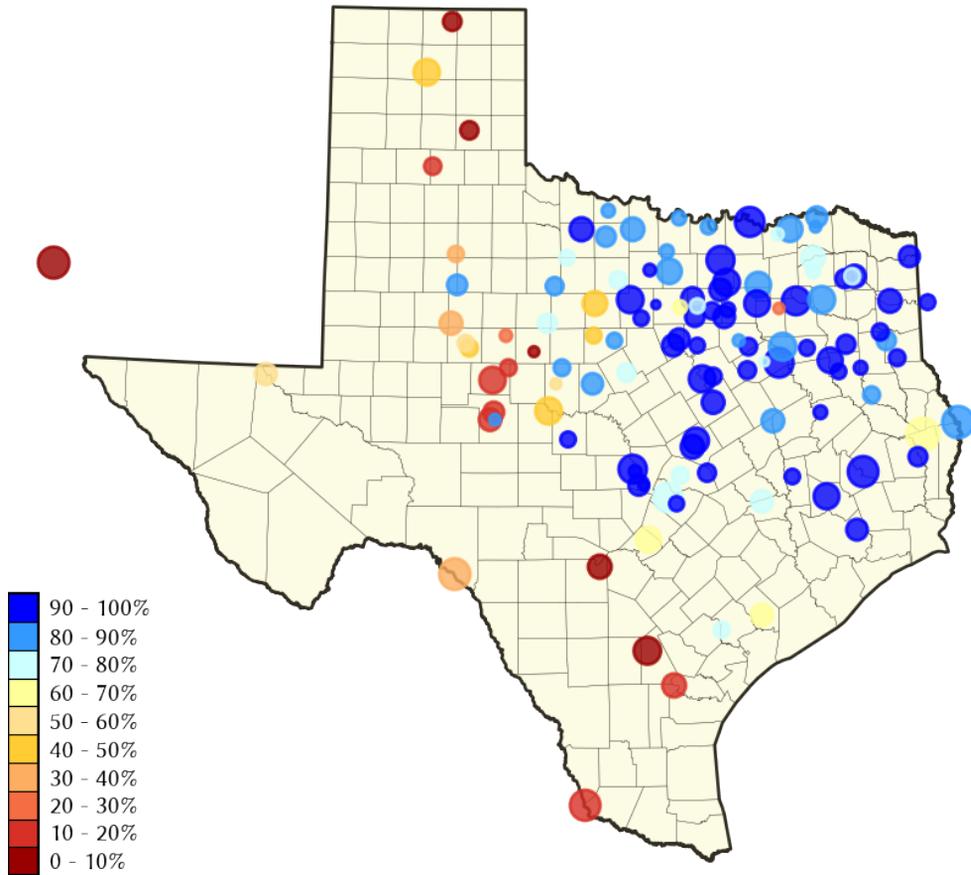
Rocky Bilotta  
NCEI/NOAA



[droughtmonitor.unl.edu](https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu)

**Figure 2.** The percentage of land area in Texas experiencing abnormally dry conditions, and in drought, according to the U.S. Drought Monitor map as of December 30, 2025.

## RESERVOIR STORAGE

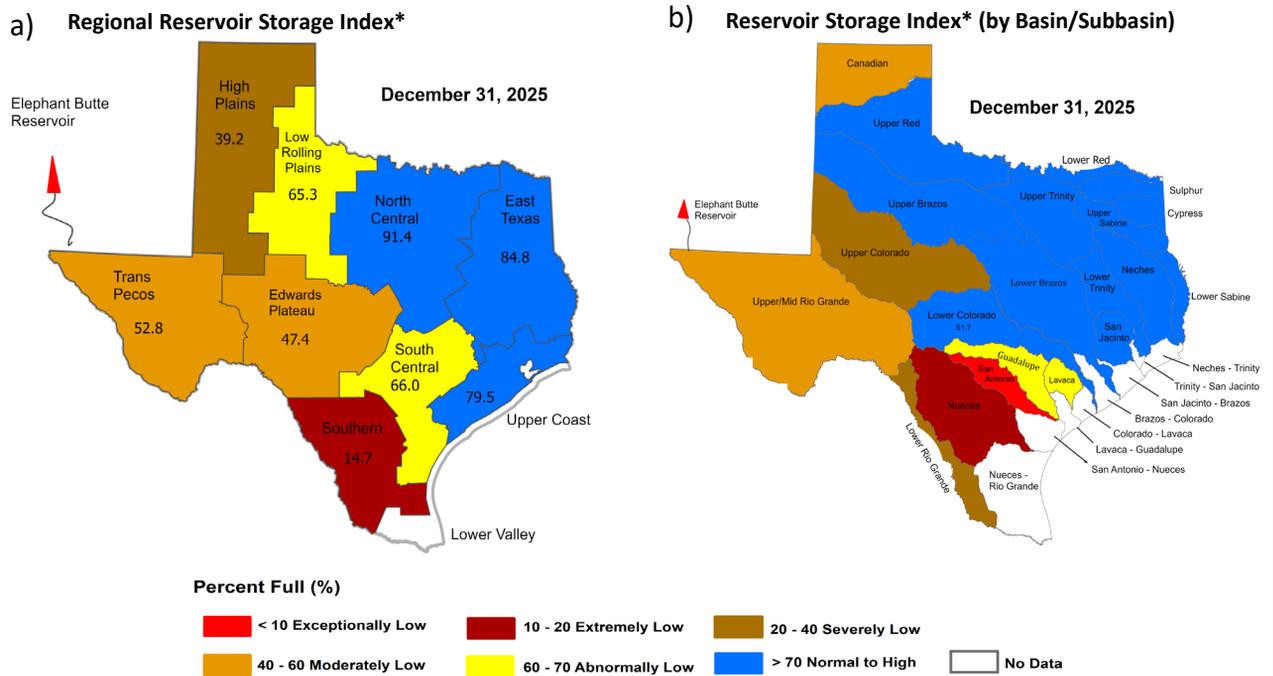


**Figure 3.** Reservoir conservation storage at end-December expressed as percent full (%)

Out of 120 monitored reservoirs in the state, 10 reservoirs held 100 percent conservation storage capacity, and 42 reservoirs were at or above 90 percent full this month. Fourteen reservoirs remained at or below 30 percent full: Abilene (3.6 percent full), Choke Canyon (9.5 percent full), Corpus Christi (12.1 percent full), E.V. Spence (12.5 percent full), Falcon (17.4 percent full), Greenbelt (7.7 percent full), Mackenzie (12.6 percent full), Medina Lake (4.7 percent full), New Terrell City (25.1 percent full), O.C. Fisher (15.1 percent full), Oak Creek (18.8 percent full), Palo Duro Reservoir (0.3 percent full), Sweetwater (24.9 percent full), and Twin Buttes (12.0 percent full). Elephant Butte Reservoir (New Mexico) was 8.9 percent full (Figure 3).

Reservoir conservation storage was at or above normal [Figure 4(a), blue shading] for East Texas (84.8 percent full), North Central (91.4 percent full), the Upper Coast (79.5 percent full) climate divisions. The South Central (66.0 percent full) and the Low Rolling Plains (65.3 percent full), had abnormally low conservation storage [Figure 4(a), yellow shading]. Conservation storage was moderately low [Figure 4(a), orange shading] for the Trans Pecos (52.8 percent full) and Edwards Plateau (47.4 percent full) climate divisions. The High Plains (39.2 percent full) had severely low conservation storage [Figure 4(a), brown shading]. The Southern (14.7 percent full) climate division had extremely low conservation storage [Figure 4(a), maroon shading].

Combined conservation storage by river basin or sub-basin was exceptionally low [<10 percent full, red shading, Figure 4(b)] in the San Antonio river basin. The Nueces river basin had extremely low conservation storage [10–20 percent full, maroon shading, Figure 4 (b)]. Severely low conservation storage [20–40 percent full, brown shading, Figure 4(b)] was seen in the Upper Colorado, and Lower Rio Grande river basins. The Canadian and Upper/Mid Rio Grande river basins had moderately low conservation storage [40–60 percent full, orange shading, Figure 4(b)]. The Guadalupe and Lavaca river basins had abnormally low conservation storage [60–70 percent full, yellow shading, Figure 4(b)]. Normal to high conservation storage [>70 percent full, blue shading, Figure 4(b)] was seen in the Upper and Lower Red, Sulphur, Cypress, Upper and Lower Sabine, Upper and Lower Trinity, Upper and Lower Brazos, Neches, Lower Colorado, and San Jacinto river basins.



**Figure 4:** Reservoir Storage Index by a) climate division, and b) basin/sub-basin.

\*Reservoir Storage Index is defined as the percent full of conservation storage capacity. Percent full is calculated as the combined conservation storage of all reservoirs in a climate region or a basin/subbasin, excluding dead pool storage.

## CONSERVATION STORAGE DATA FOR SELECTED MAJOR TEXAS RESERVOIRS

Name of lake or reservoir	Storage capacity (acre-feet)	Storage at end-December 2025		Storage change from end-Nov 2025		Storage change from end-Dec 2024	
		(acre-feet)	(%)	(acre-feet)	(%)	(acre-feet)**	(%)
Abilene, Lake	7,900	285	3.6	1	0.0	-191	-2.4
Alan Henry Reservoir	96,207	82,869	86.1	-1,428	-1.5	-12,807	-13.3
*Amistad Reservoir (Texas & Mexico)	3,275,532	724,433	22.1	-45,072	-1.4	52,799	1.6
*Amistad Reservoir (Texas)	1,813,408	648,300	35.8	3,416	0.2	167,623	9.2
Amon G Carter, Lake	19,266	16,952	88.0	-350	-1.8	-2,314	-12.0
Aquilla Lake	43,243	39,508	91.4	-946	-2.2	844	2.0
Arlington, Lake	40,157	38,912	96.9	-1,245	-3.1	2,308	5.7
Arrowhead, Lake	230,359	193,993	84.2	-2,640	-1.1	34,796	15.1
Athens, Lake	29,503	29,503	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
*Austin, Lake	23,972	23,563	98.3	467	1.9	389	1.6
B A Steinhagen Lake	69,186	68,575	99.1	3,802	5.5	3,012	4.4
Bardwell Lake	43,856	43,856	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Belton Lake	432,631	424,966	98.2	-4,439	-1.0	19,197	4.4
Benbrook Lake	85,648	79,221	92.5	-35	0.0	12,212	14.3
Bob Sandlin, Lake	192,417	180,941	94.0	-1,124	0.0	-7,584	-3.9
Bois d'Arc Lake	367,609	328,887	89.5	-7,865	-2.1	21,054	5.7
Bonham, Lake	11,027	8,107	73.5	-302	-2.7	-27	0.0
Brady Creek Reservoir	28,808	28,416	98.6	-392	-1.4	18,398	63.9
Bridgeport, Lake	372,183	318,583	85.6	-3,274	0.0	41,327	11.1
*Brownwood, Lake	130,868	110,840	84.7	-2,292	-1.8	-19,602	-15.0
Buchanan, Lake	866,694	831,044	95.9	-17,315	-2.0	298,496	34.4
Caddo, Lake	29,898	29,898	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Canyon Lake	378,781	234,533	61.9	-4,537	-1.2	44,325	11.7
Cedar Creek Reservoir in Trinity	644,686	538,369	83.5	-14,847	-2.3	-20,847	-3.2
Champion Creek Reservoir	41,580	17,210	41.4	-259	0.0	-3,067	-7.4
Cherokee, Lake	40,094	40,094	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Choke Canyon Reservoir	662,820	63,110	9.5	-3,704	0.0	-47,522	-7.2
*Cisco, Lake	29,003	14,142	48.8	-229	0.0	-2,946	-10.2
Coleman, Lake	38,075	32,546	85.5	-496	-1.3	-5,114	-13.4
Colorado City, Lake	31,040	23,567	75.9	-756	-2.4	-4,469	-14.4
*Coletto Creek Reservoir	30,758	17,169	55.8	-286	0.0	-5,548	-18.0
Comanche Creek	151,250	149,580	98.9	-786	-0.5	-1,670	-1.1
Conroe, Lake	417,577	396,021	94.8	-3,095	0.0	-9,326	-2.2
Corpus Christi, Lake	256,062	30,979	12.1	-1,463	0.0	-35,873	-14.0
Crook, Lake	9,195	8,213	89.3	-112	-1.2	-773	-8.4
Cypress Springs, Lake	66,756	64,193	96.2	-95	0.0	-2,563	-3.8
E. V. Spence Reservoir	517,272	64,695	12.5	-2,014	0.0	-23,908	-4.6
Eagle Mountain Lake	185,087	166,997	90.2	-861	0.0	19,162	10.4
Elephant Butte Reservoir (Texas)	852,491	76,284	8.9	25,228	3.0	-3,959	0.0
Elephant Butte Reservoir (Total Storage)	1,985,900	176,584	8.9	58,399	2.9	-9,165	0.0
*Falcon Reservoir (Texas & Mexico)	2,646,817	320,523	12.1	34,277	1.3	-23,789	0
*Falcon Reservoir (Texas)	1,562,367	271,246	17.4	26,420	1.7	55,812	3.6
Fork Reservoir, Lake	605,061	532,169	88.0	-11,449	-1.9	-27,007	-4.5
Fort Phantom Hill, Lake	70,030	51,293	73.2	-975	-1.4	4,519	6.5
Georgetown, Lake	38,005	27,231	71.7	85	0.2	2,728	7.2
Gibbons Creek Reservoir	25,721	24,784	96.4	-937	-3.6	3,641	14.2
Graham, Lake	45,288	36,004	79.5	-775	-1.7	-7,983	-17.6
Granbury, Lake	132,949	130,595	98.2	-1,457	-1.1	-1,457	-1.1

## CONSERVATION STORAGE DATA FOR SELECTED MAJOR TEXAS RESERVOIRS

Name of lake or reservoir	Storage capacity	Storage at end-December 2025		Storage change from end-Nov 2025		Storage change from end-Dec 2024	
	(acre-feet)	(acre-feet)	(%)	(acre-feet)	(%)	(acre-feet)**	(%)
	<i>Continued</i>						
Granger Lake	51,822	49,997	96.5	0	0.0	1,898	3.7
Grapevine Lake	163,064	161,487	99.0	-1,577	0.0	1,237	0.8
Greenbelt Lake	59,968	4,596	7.7	-106	0.0	-800	-1.3
*Halbert, Lake	6,033	4,624	76.6	-173	-2.9	-455	-7.5
Hords Creek Lake	8,109	4,608	56.8	-91	-1.1	-298	-3.7
Houston County Lake	17,113	17,113	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Houston, Lake	132,318	129,585	97.9	-2,733	-2.1	-2,733	-2.1
Hubbard Creek Reservoir	313,298	137,977	44.0	-3,321	-1.1	-10,994	-3.5
Hubert H Moss Lake	24,058	21,444	89.1	-235	0.0	-2,570	-10.7
Inks, Lake	13,729	13,124	95.6	111	0.8	8	0.1
J. B. Thomas, Lake	199,931	60,592	30.3	-2,091	-1.0	-24,035	-12.0
Jacksonville, Lake	25,670	25,670	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Jim Chapman Lake (Cooper)	258,723	188,685	72.9	-10,408	-4.0	-8,813	-3.4
Joe Pool Lake	149,629	147,040	98.3	-1,058	0.0	-727	0.0
Kemp, Lake	245,307	240,586	98.1	-3,194	-1.3	-4,721	-1.9
Kickapoo, Lake	86,345	73,727	85.4	-967	-1.1	14,143	16.4
Lavon Lake	409,757	368,096	89.8	-198	0.0	3,751	0.9
Leon, Lake	27,762	23,262	83.8	-512	-1.8	-4,064	-14.6
Lewisville Lake	563,228	561,878	99.8	-1,350	0.0	59,319	10.5
Limestone, Lake	203,780	181,290	89.0	-3,311	-1.6	7,151	3.5
*Livingston, Lake	1,603,504	1,593,432	99.4	-10,072	0.0	-10,072	0.0
*Lost Creek Reservoir	11,950	11,288	94.5	-138	-1.2	-615	-5.1
Lyndon B Johnson, Lake	112,778	111,045	98.5	64	0.1	-256	0.0
Mackenzie Reservoir	46,450	5,875	12.6	-58	0.0	1,589	3.4
Marble Falls, Lake	7,597	7,245	95.4	30	0.4	0	0.0
Martin, Lake	75,726	66,366	87.6	-737	0.0	-9,360	-12.4
Medina Lake	254,823	11,998	4.7	-783	0.0	5,209	2.0
Meredith, Lake	500,000	234,632	46.9	-1,143	0.0	30,185	6.0
Millers Creek Reservoir	26,768	19,402	72.5	-481	-1.8	-2,619	-9.8
*Mineral Wells, Lake	5,273	4,822	91.4	-121	-2.3	316	6.0
Monticello, Lake	34,740	27,313	78.6	-152	0.0	-1,462	-4.2
Mountain Creek, Lake	22,850	22,850	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Murvaul, Lake	38,285	35,677	93.2	-234	0.0	-2,608	-6.8
Nacogdoches, Lake	39,522	35,216	89.1	-604	-1.5	-4,306	-10.9
Nasworthy	9,615	8,331	86.6	62	0.6	62	0.6
Navarro Mills Lake	49,827	48,424	97.2	-418	0.0	2,752	5.5
New Terrell City Lake	8,583	2,155	25.1	-48	0.0	83	1.0
Nocona, Lake (Farmers Crk)	21,444	18,708	87.2	-331	-1.5	-280	-1.3
North Fork Buffalo Creek Reservoir	15,400	12,970	84.2	-347	-2.3	6,816	44.3
O' the Pines, Lake	241,363	241,363	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
O. C. Fisher Lake	115,742	17,420	15.1	-521	0.0	7,753	6.7
*O. H. Ivie Reservoir	554,340	261,903	47.2	-5,077	0.0	39,712	7.2
Oak Creek Reservoir	39,210	7,745	19.8	-242	0.0	-3,419	-8.7

## CONSERVATION STORAGE DATA FOR SELECTED MAJOR TEXAS RESERVOIRS

Name of lake or reservoir	Storage capacity	Storage at end-December 2025		Storage change from end-Nov 2025		Storage change from end-Dec 2024	
	(acre-feet)	(acre-feet)	(%)	(acre-feet)	(%)	(acre-feet)**	(%)
<i>Continued</i>							
Palestine, Lake	367,303	364,307	99.2	-2,304	0.0	-2,996	0.0
Palo Duro Reservoir	61,066	203	0.3	-52	0.0	-533	0.0
Palo Pinto, Lake	26,766	25,705	96.0	-844	-3.2	-1,039	-3.9
Pat Cleburne, Lake	26,008	23,527	90.5	-381	-1.5	1,443	5.5
*Pat Mayse Lake	113,683	100,639	88.5	-2,283	-2.0	-1,378	-1.2
Possum Kingdom Lake	538,139	495,125	92.0	-5,559	-1.0	-43,014	-8.0
Proctor Lake	54,762	43,070	78.6	-1,801	-3.3	-11,692	-21.4
Ray Hubbard, Lake	439,559	408,025	92.8	-13,071	-3.0	1,399	0.3
Ray Roberts, Lake	788,167	759,574	96.4	-8,062	-1.0	-3,607	0.0
Red Bluff Reservoir	145,165	76,767	52.9	1,931	1.3	21,063	14.5
Richland-Chambers Reservoir	1,099,417	1,003,565	91.3	-13,510	-1.2	-22,420	-2.0
Sam Rayburn Reservoir	2,857,077	1,930,714	67.6	-865	0.0	-806,841	-28.2
Somerville Lake	150,293	119,028	79.2	-2,023	-1.3	-8,289	-5.5
Stamford, Lake	51,570	43,380	84.1	-1,149	-2.2	-4,905	-9.5
Stillhouse Hollow Lake	229,796	221,309	96.3	-3,958	-1.7	5,749	2.5
Striker, Lake	16,878	16,878	100.0	157	0.9	59	0.3
Sweetwater, Lake	12,267	3,060	24.9	-76	0.0	-1,360	-11.1
*Sulphur Springs, Lake	17,747	13,731	77.4	-253	-1.4	-4,016	-22.6
Tawakoni, Lake	871,685	808,522	92.8	-12,765	-1.5	13,014	1.5
Texana, Lake	158,975	102,005	64.2	-8,632	-5.4	-11,583	-7.3
Texoma, Lake (Texas & Oklahoma)	2,487,601	2,475,687	99.5	8,192	0.3	-84,943	-3.4
Texoma, Lake (Texas)	1,243,801	1,237,843	99.5	4,096	0.3	-5,958	0.0
Toledo Bend Reservoir (Texas & Louisiana)	4,472,900	3,803,380	85.0	6,416	0.1	-289,180	-6.5
Toledo Bend Reservoir (Texas)	2,236,450	1,899,640	84.9	3,208	0.1	-144,590	-6.5
Travis, Lake	1,098,044	865,283	78.8	-12,790	-1.2	382,969	34.9
Twin Buttes Reservoir	182,454	21,810	12.0	-632	0.0	5,156	2.8
Tyler, Lake	72,073	66,173	91.8	266	0.4	-5,900	-8.2
Waco, Lake	188,891	185,111	98.0	-1,004	0.0	14,449	7.6
Waxahachie, Lake	11,060	8,994	81.3	-362	-3.3	1,091	9.9
Weatherford, Lake	17,812	12,138	68.1	-364	2.0	-827	-4.6
White River Lake	31,846	9,794	30.8	-311	0.0	2,603	8.2
Whitney, Lake	564,808	531,013	94.0	-5,931	-1.1	-33,795	-6.0
Worth, Lake	24,419	18,282	74.9	-1,553	-6.4	1,586	6.5
Wright Patman Lake	122,593	122,593	100.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
<b>STATEWIDE TOTAL</b>							
<b>STATEWIDE TOTAL</b>	<b>31,379,055</b>	<b>23,071,748</b>	<b>73.5</b>	<b>-179,794</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>-76,571</b>	<b>0</b>

\*Total volume below elevation of conservation pool top is used as the conservation storage capacity, because the dead pool storage is unknown.

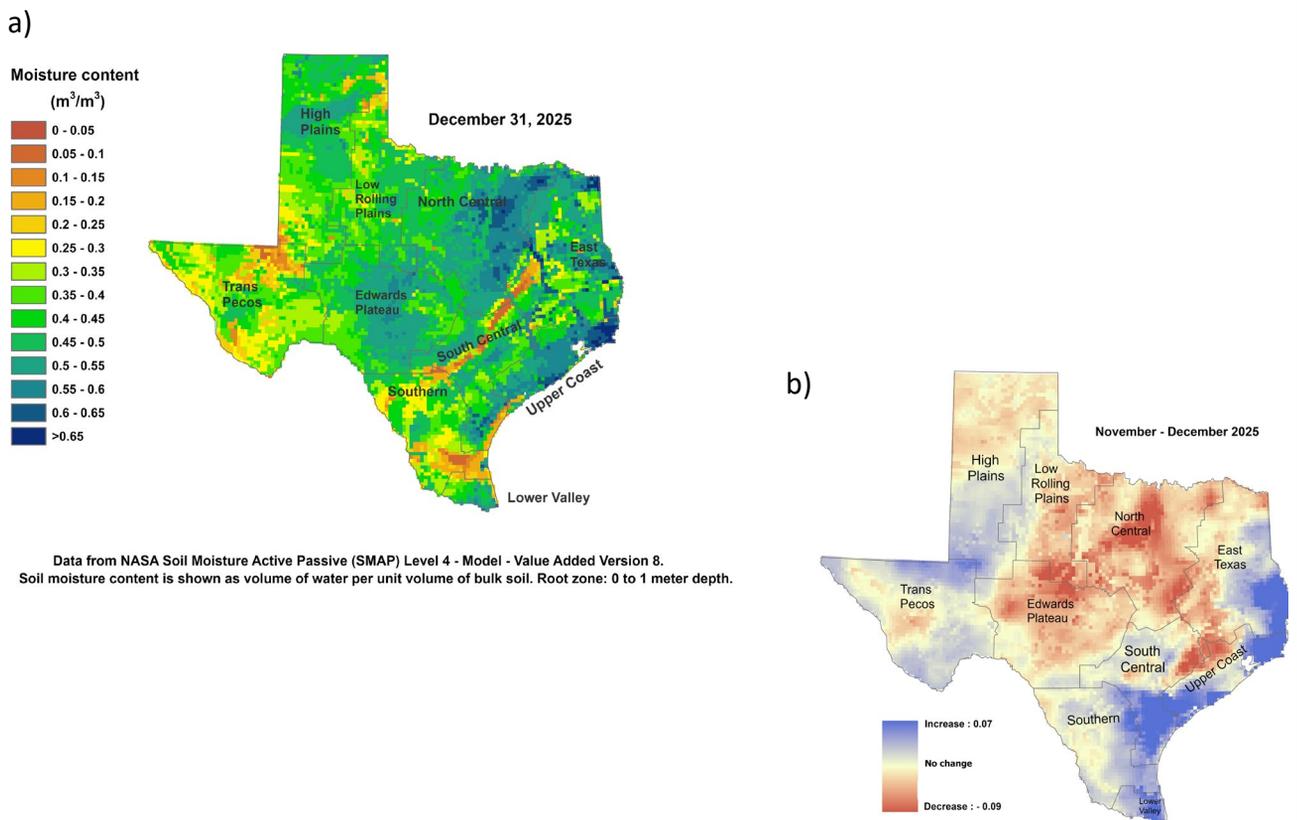
\*\*Monthly and yearly changes do not include reservoirs that did not have data in the last month or last year, respectively.

## SOIL MOISTURE

At the end of December 2025, root zone soil moisture was low [yellow, orange shading, Figure 5(a)] in areas of southern and northeastern Trans Pecos, northeastern and southern High Plains, areas of the Southern, portions of northern and the southern border of South Central, and portions of southwestern East Texas climate divisions.

Average soil moisture [green shading, Figure 5(a)] was seen in portions of all climate divisions. High soil moisture [blue shading, Figure 5(a)] was seen in the central and northern High Plains, eastern Low Rolling Plains, North Central, Edwards Plateau, areas of northern and southern South Central, northern Southern, and the Upper Coast climate divisions.

Compared to conditions at the end of November, soil moisture increased [blue shading in Figure 5(b)] in the southern High Plains, western Low Rolling Plains, areas of the Trans Pecos, southern Edwards Plateau, Southern, much of the South Central, Lower Valley, Upper Coast, and East Texas climate divisions. Soil moisture decreased [red shading in Figure 5(b)] in the northern High Plains, Low Rolling Plains, central Trans Pecos, Edwards Plateau, North Central, parts of northern South Central, western East Texas, and areas of northern Upper Coast climate divisions.



**Figure 5:** (a) Root zone soil moisture conditions in December 2025 and (b) the difference in root zone soil moisture between end-November 2025 and end December 2025.

## STREAMFLOW CONDITIONS

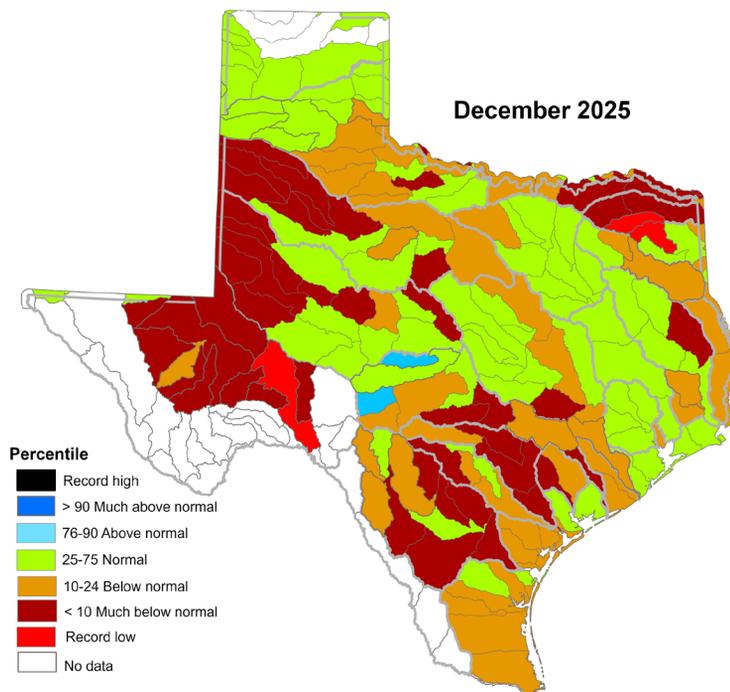
Record low streamflow (red shading, Figure 6) was seen in the Sulphur (White Oak Bayou watershed) and Cypress (Lake O' the Pines watershed) river basins.

Much below normal streamflow (<10<sup>th</sup> percentile, maroon shading, Figure 6) was seen in the Upper Red (Southern Beaver watershed), Lower Red (Bois D'Arc-Island and Pecan-Waterhole watersheds), Sulphur, Upper Brazos, Middle Brazos (Hubbard and Pecan Bayou watersheds), Lower Brazos (Yegua watershed), Upper Colorado, Lower Colorado (Pedernales, Austin-Travis Lakes, Lower Colorado watersheds), Neches (Lower Angelina watershed), Middle and Lower Guadalupe, Lavaca, San Antonio (Medina watershed), Upper, Middle, and Lower Nueces (Hondo and Atascosa watersheds), and Pecos river basins.

Below normal streamflow (10–24<sup>th</sup> percentile, orange shading, Figure 6) was seen in the Upper and Lower Red, Upper, Middle, and Lower Brazos, Lavaca (Navidad watershed), Brazos-Colorado, Upper Guadalupe, Upper, Middle, and Lower Sabine, Neches (Village and Pine Island Bayou watersheds), Trinity-San Jacinto, Brazos-Colorado, San Antonio-Nueces, Nueces-Rio Grande, and Pecos (Toyah watershed) river basins.

Above normal streamflow (76–90<sup>th</sup> percentile, light blue shading, Figure 6) was seen in the Upper Colorado (Brady and North Llano watersheds) river basin.

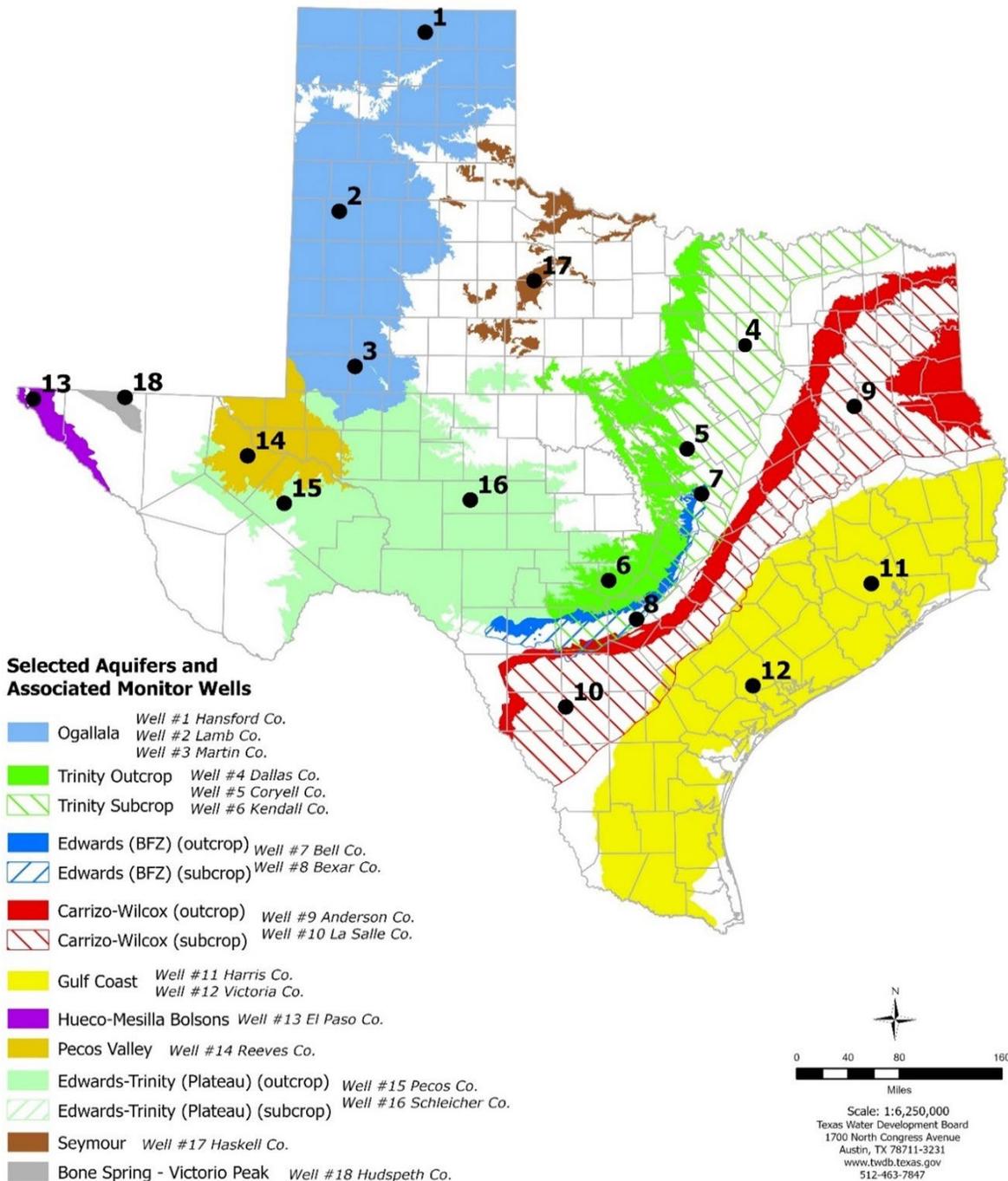
Normal streamflow (25–75<sup>th</sup> percentile, green shading, Figure 6) was recorded in the Canadian, Upper Red (Pease and Little Wichita watersheds), portions of the Colorado, Brazos, Trinity, Cypress, Nueces, Neches-Trinity, San Jacinto-Brazos, Colorado-Lavaca, Lavaca-Guadalupe, and Nueces-Rio Grande (San Fernando and South Corpus Christi Bay watersheds) river basins.



**Figure 6:** Runoff percentiles by the U.S. Geological Survey's Hydrologic Unit Code

## RECORDER WELL NETWORK AND WATER DATA FOR TEXAS

The TWDB, in partnership with its cooperators, continues to install and monitor automatic water level recorders in monitoring wells throughout the state. An automatic groundwater level recorder well, or recorder well, refers to a water well installed with water level recording equipment, a datalogger, and satellite or cellular transmitter. The selection and distribution of the 18 wells shown in this report are based on several considerations: key areas of drawdown and recovery, areas where local conditions are affected by recurring pumping cycles or seasonal activities, wells with a means of triggering drought conditions, and site availability. The spatial distribution of recorder wells attempts to capture broader conditions and trends representative of each aquifer while also highlighting areas of particular interest. The hydrographs provided in this report show a five-year history. For more information and to view full periods of record for available hydrographs, please visit [Water Data for Texas](http://www.twdb.texas.gov/WaterDataforTexas).



\* Well numbers used in this publication on the aquifer map to indicate the monitoring well locations (numbers 1 to 18) are different than the TWDB's seven-digit state well number.

## **DECEMBER 2025 GROUNDWATER LEVELS IN MONITORING WELLS**

Water level measurements were available for 18 key monitoring wells in the state. Water levels rose in 11 monitoring wells since the beginning of December, with an increase of 0.05 feet in the Bell County Edwards (BFZ) Aquifer well (#7 on map) to 11.82 feet in the La Salle County Carrizo-Wilcox Aquifer well (#10 on map). Water levels declined in six monitoring wells, ranging from a decline of -0.04 feet in the Hansford County Ogallala Aquifer well (#1 on map) to -4.53 feet in the Reeves County Pecos Valley Aquifer well (#14 on map). No monthly water level changes were calculated for the Haskell County Seymour Aquifer well (#17 on map). The J-17 well (#8 on map) in San Antonio recorded a water level of 102.12 feet below land surface or 628.88 feet above mean sea level. Edwards Aquifer Authority Stage 4 permit reductions remain in effect as a result of well J-17 water levels and area spring flow levels.

Monitoring Well	December (depth to water, feet)	November (depth to water, feet)	Month Change	Year Change	Historical Change*	First Measured (year)
(1) Hansford 0354301	167.06	167.02	-0.04	-0.92	-96.94	1951
(2) Lamb 1053602	156.06	156.01	-0.05	-0.67	-127.89	1951
(3) Martin 2739903	144.03	144.23	0.20	0.91	-39.14	1964
(4) Dallas 3325202**	950.77	957.73	6.96	30.82	151.90	2000
(5) Coryell 4035404	550.88	551.03	0.15	-0.34	-258.88	1955
(6) Kendall 6802609	160.23	163.68	3.45	10.34	-100.23	1975
(7) Bell 5804816	124.79	124.84	0.05	-0.46	-1.28	2008
(8) Bexar 6837203	102.12	101.59	-0.53	1.68	-55.48	1932
(9) Anderson 3813106	240.63	240.99	0.36	-0.89	-95.63	1965
(10) La Salle 7738103	545.75	557.57	11.82	-12.84	-292.68	2003
(11) Harris 6514409	198.64	199.20	0.56	1.22	-63.14	1947
(12) Victoria 8017502	33.81	33.45	-0.36	-0.55	0.19	1958
(13) El Paso 4913301	300.42	300.29	-0.13	-3.30	-68.52	1964
(14) Reeves 4644501	150.32	145.79	-4.53	2.75	-58.23	1952
(15) Pecos 5216802	205.90	212.15	6.25	-1.99	40.98	1976
(16) Schleicher 5512134	311.10	315.63	4.53	6.62	-9.20	2003
(17) Haskell 2135748***	46.39	NA	NA	0.06	-3.39	2002
(18) Hudspeth 4807516	147.34	149.42	2.08	1.83	-43.42	1966

\* Change since the original measurement taken on the date indicated in the last column.

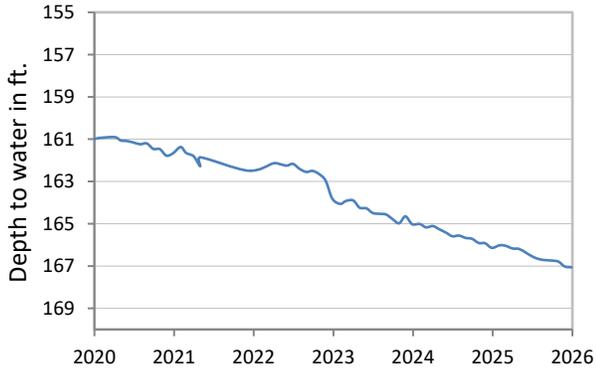
\*\* Recorder well #4 (State Well #33-19-101) was temporarily replaced with another recorder well in Dallas County (State Well #33-25-202) due to ongoing construction in the area.

\*\*\*November 2025 data are not available for State Well #21-35-748 due to data collection issues.

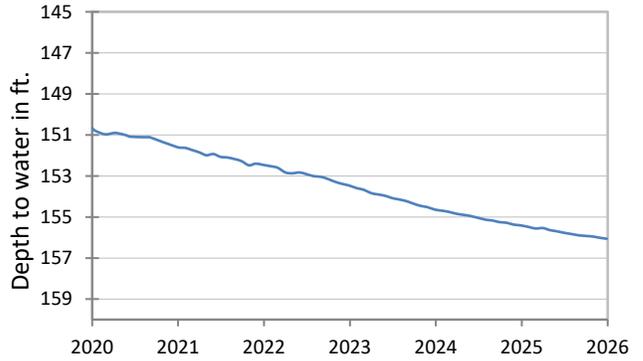
NA (not available). All data are provisional and subject to revision.

**DECEMBER 2025 MONITORING WELL HYDROGRAPHS**

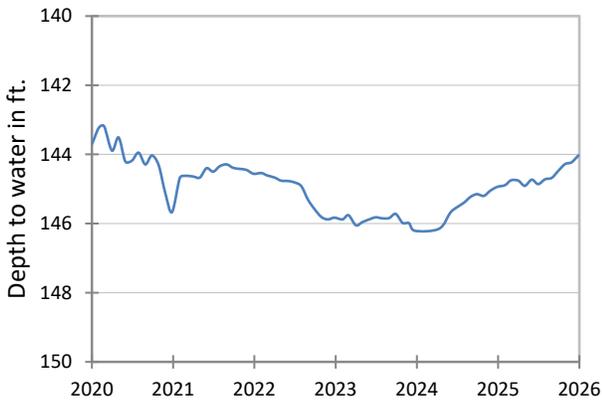
**(1) State Well [#03-54-301](#)  
Near Spearman, Hansford County  
Ogallala Aquifer**



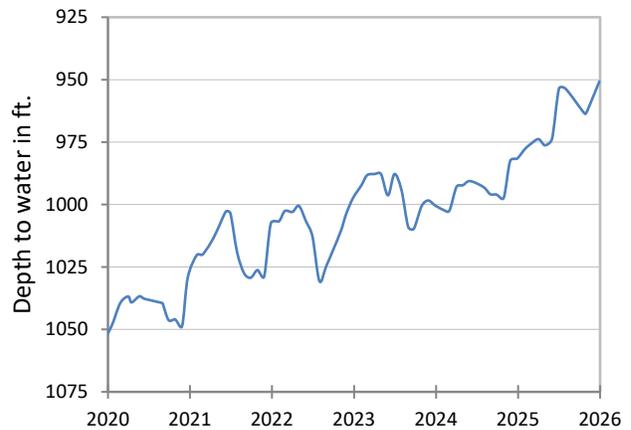
**(2) State Well [#10-53-602](#)  
Near Earth, Lamb County  
Ogallala Aquifer**



**(3) State Well [#27-39-903](#)  
Northwest Martin County  
Ogallala Aquifer**

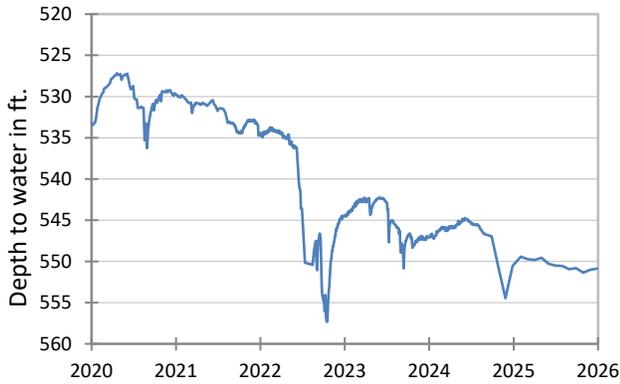


**\* (4) State Well [#33-25-202](#)  
Southeast Dallas, Dallas County  
Twin Mountains Formation-Trinity Aquifer**

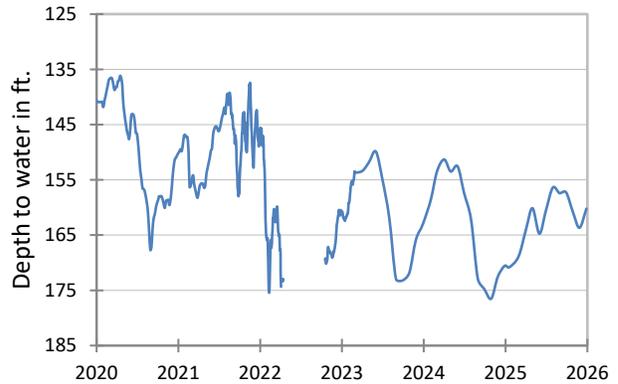


\* Recorder well #4 (State Well #33-19-101) was temporarily replaced with another recorder well in Dallas County (State Well #33-25-202) due to ongoing construction in the area.

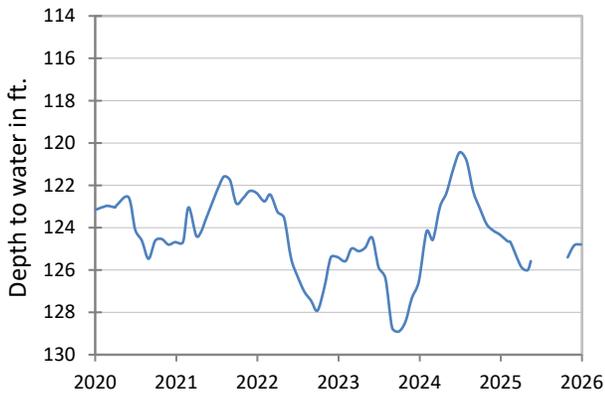
**(5) State Well [#40-35-404](#)  
Gatesville, Coryell County  
Hosston Formation-Trinity Aquifer**



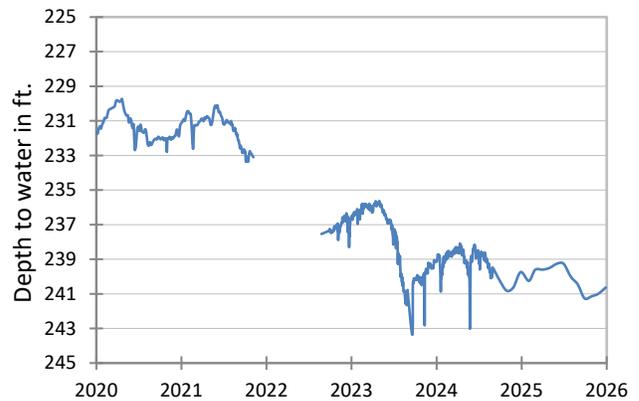
**(6) State Well [#68-02-609](#)  
Waring, Kendall County  
Travis Peak Formation-Trinity Aquifer**



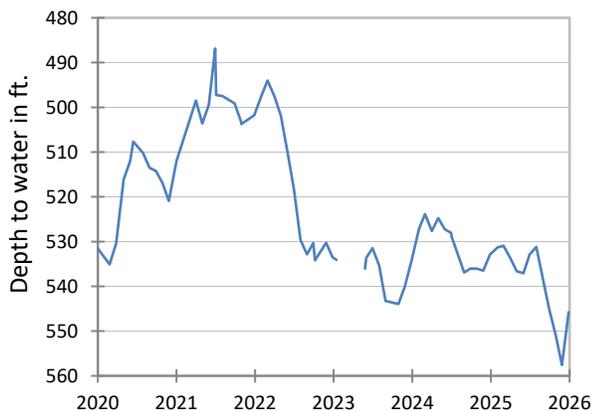
**(7) State Well [#58-04-816](#)  
Near Salado, Bell County  
Edwards (Balcones Fault Zone) Aquifer**



**(9) State Well [#38-13-106](#)  
Neches, Anderson County  
Carrizo-Wilcox Aquifer**



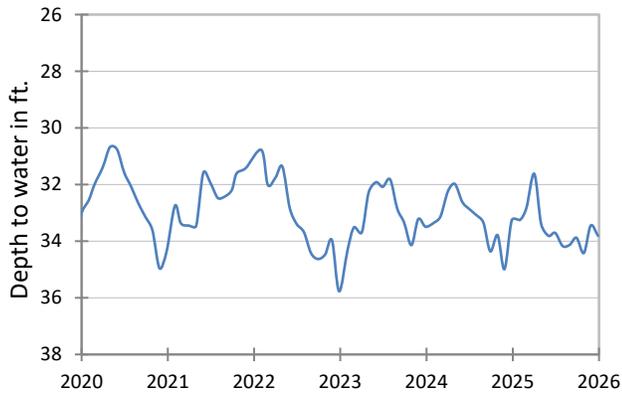
**(10) State Well [#77-38-103](#)  
Near Cotulla, La Salle County  
Carrizo-Wilcox Aquifer**



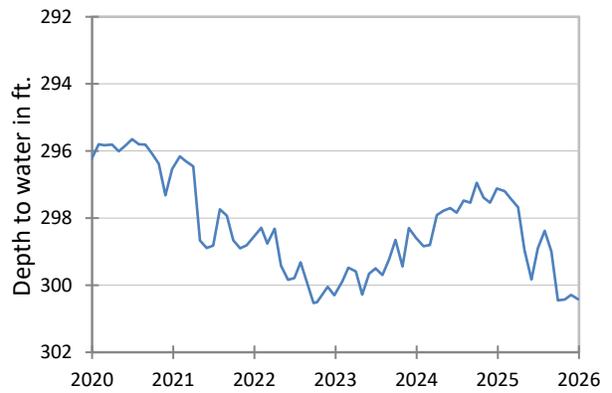
**(11) State Well [#65-14-409](#)  
North Houston, Harris County  
Evangeline Formation-Gulf Coast Aquifer**



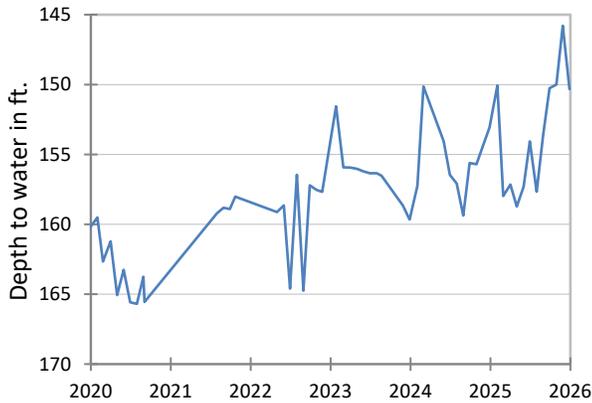
**(12) State Well [#80-17-502](#)  
Near Bloomington, Victoria County  
Lissie Formation-Gulf Coast Aquifer**



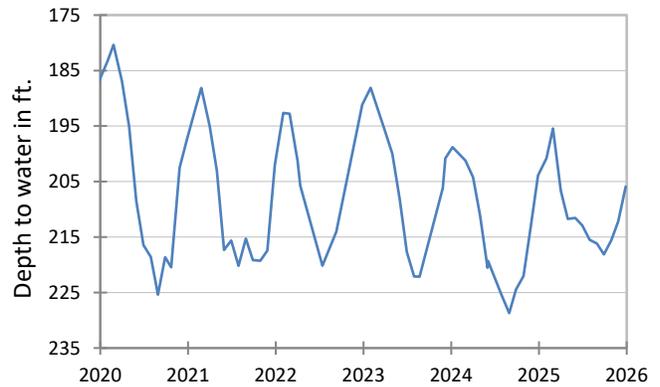
**(13) State Well [#49-13-301](#)  
El Paso, El Paso County  
Hueco-Mesilla Bolsons Aquifer**



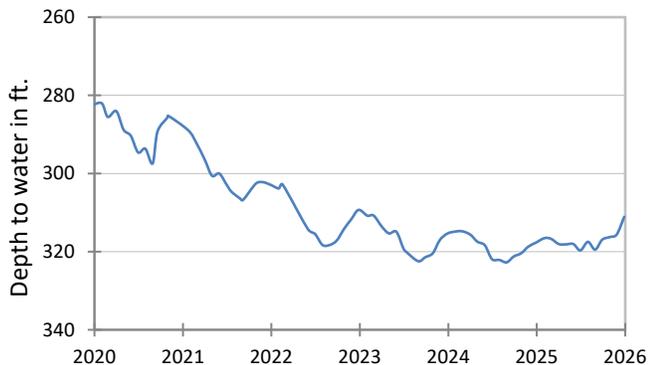
**(14) State Well [#46-44-501](#)  
Near Pecos, Reeves County  
Pecos Valley Aquifer**



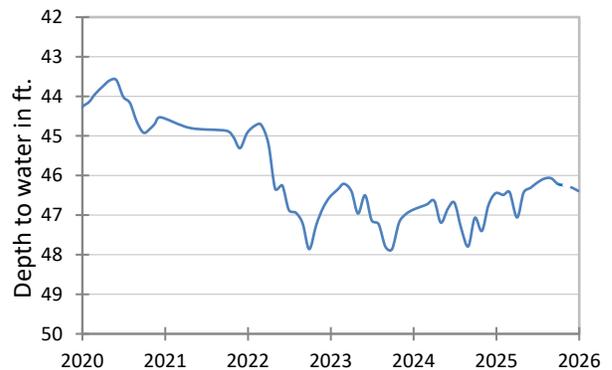
**(15) State Well [#52-16-802](#)  
Fort Stockton, Pecos County  
Edwards-Trinity (Plateau) Aquifer**



**(16) State Well [#55-12-134](#)  
Eldorado, Schleicher County  
Edwards-Trinity (Plateau) Aquifer**

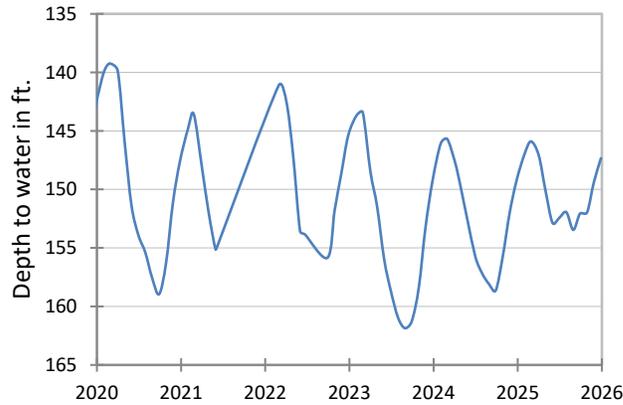


**\*(17) State Well [#21-35-748](#)  
Near O'Brien, Haskell County  
Seymour Aquifer**

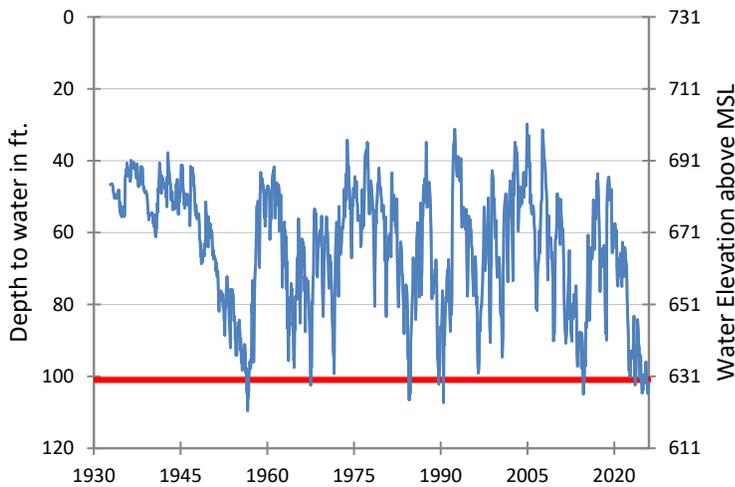


\*November 2025 data for State Well #21-35-748 are not available due to data collection issues.

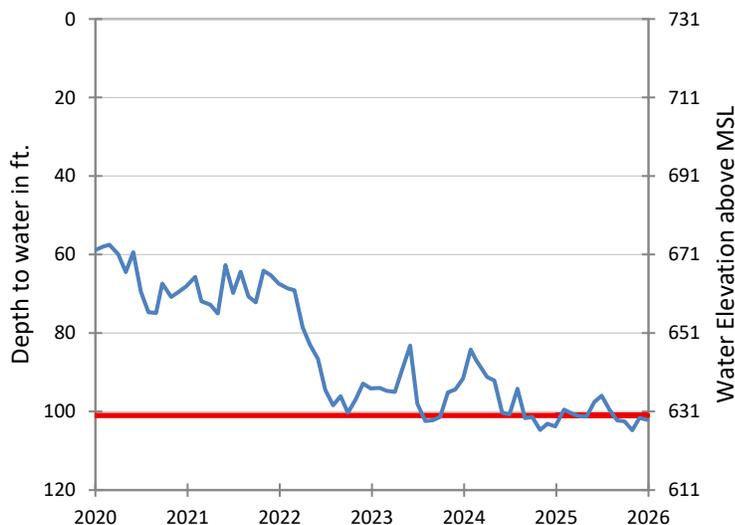
**(18) State Well #48-07-516  
Dell City, Hudspeth County  
Bone Spring-Victorio Peak Aquifer**



**(8) State Well #68-37-203 (J-17)  
San Antonio, Bexar County  
Edwards (Balcones Fault Zone) Aquifer**



The late December water level measurement in this Edwards (Balcones Fault Zone) Aquifer well, located at an elevation of 731 feet above mean sea level, was 102.12 feet below land surface, or 628.88 feet above mean sea level. This was 0.53 feet below last month's measurement, 1.68 feet above last year's measurement, and 55.48 feet below the initial measurement recorded in 1932.



**Water levels below the red line indicate periods in which Edwards Aquifer Authority Stage 4 drought restrictions are in effect. On August 12, 2025, the Edwards Aquifer Authority declared an increase to Stage 4 permit reductions which remain in effect as a result of well J-17 water levels and area spring flow levels.**