Edwards and associated limestones are the source of calcium Plateau and on the Coastal Plain. They also wells in the northern half of the county. 

sourced or nearly through the Edwards limestone on springs issue at or near the base of the Edwards through the Comanche Peak limestone. The contact is ex- 

eruding the West Nueces River and its tributary Live Oak 

Lambert Spring (P-1), the largest spring on the plat- 

ear on the valley of the West Nueces River. It issues from 

limestone in the side of a bluff, considerably 

(See Plate 8B.) 

gauge in Kinney County are Las Moras and Pinto Springs 

E. From the Coastal Plain, the Edwards and associated lime-

sintered pressure. In this part of Kinney County, the 

from the Edwards and associated limestones is above the 

geographically low places, the wells flow. 

新产品 the county nearly all of the wells that tap the 

havior discharge potable water; whereas in the southern 

area, water that is of good quality but high in sulfate and 

sulfate of hydrogen sulfide and generally is moderately 

(See Plate 13.) A possible explanation for the differ-

the solutional openings in the limestone in the 

area has not fully developed, making the ground-water cir-

eration in the northern part of the county. 

from the Edwards and associated limestones on the 

than 10 gpm (gallons per minute). These wells are 

powered by windmills or small gasoline engines. It 

wells would discharge much more water if they were 

capacity. Wells V-23, U-14, U-15, and AA-10, which 

tion supplies, are equipped with pumps of large 

discharge 750, 800, 1,500, and 320 gpm, respec-

ter, have a low specific capacity and are incapable of 

example, the water level in well FF-7 reportedly is 

well is discharging only 2 gpm. This well is in 

southeastern part of the county where the circula-

bords and associated limestones probably is small.