

Summary of the 2016 Region B Regional Water Plan¹

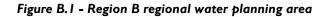
Texas' regional water plans

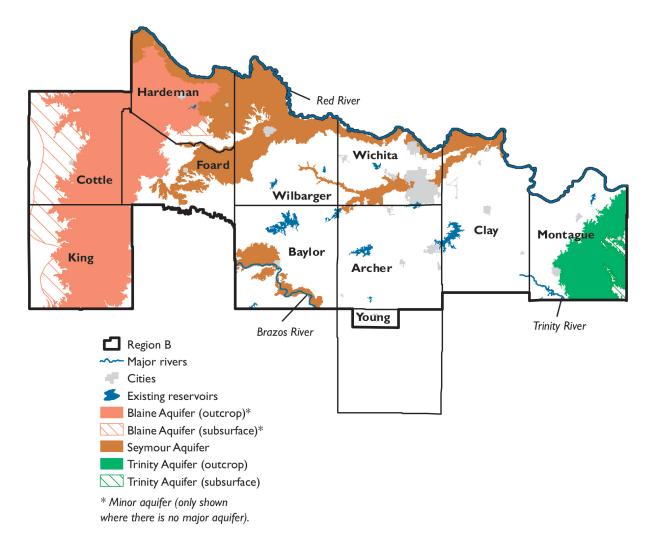
Regional water plans are funded by the Texas Legislature and developed every five years based on conditions that each region would face under a recurrence of a historical drought of record. The 16 regional water plans are developed by local representatives in a public, bottom-up process. The regional plans are reviewed and approved by the TWDB and become the basis for the state water plan. Regional and state water plans are developed to

- provide for the orderly development, management, and conservation of water resources,
- prepare for and respond to drought conditions, and
- make sufficient water available at a reasonable cost to ensure public health, safety, and welfare and further economic development while protecting the agricultural and natural resources of the entire state.

The Region B Regional Water Planning Area includes all or parts of 11 counties (Figure B.1). Region B lies mainly in the Red River Basin, with smaller portions in the Trinity and Brazos Basins. The three main components of the region's economy are farming, ranching, and mineral production. Water supply sources are generally split between surface water from the Red River Basin and groundwater. Major cities in the region include Wichita Falls and Vernon. The 2016 Region B Regional Water Plan can be found on the TWDB website at http://www.twdb.texas.gov/waterplanning/rwp/plans/2016/#region-b

¹ Planning numbers presented throughout this document and as compared to the 2017 Interactive State Water Plan may vary due to rounding.





Plan highlights

- Additional supply needed in 2070—49,000 acre-feet per year
- Recommended water management strategy volume in 2070—73,000 acre-feet per year
- 21 recommended water management strategy projects with a total capital cost of \$630 million
- Conservation accounts for 51 percent of 2070 strategy volumes
- One new major reservoir recommended (Lake Ringgold); designated as a unique reservoir site

Population and water demands

Approximately I percent of the state's 2020 population will reside in Region B. Between 2020 and 2070, the region's population is projected to increase II percent (Table B.4, Figure B.2). By 2070, the total water demands for the region are projected to decrease approximately 5 percent (Table B.4).

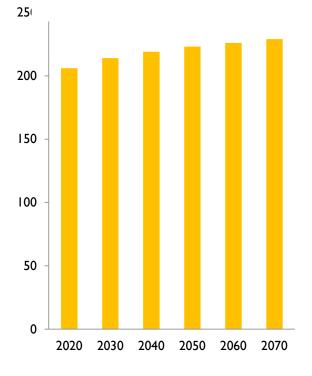
Existing water supplies

Region B has a variety of surface water and groundwater supply sources, with a little more than half of the existing water supply in the region associated with surface water (Table B.1, Figure B.3). By 2070 the total water supply is projected to decline 18 percent (Table B.4). This projected decline in supply is primarily a result of surface water declines due to reservoir sedimentation.

Needs

Although on a region-wide basis it might appear that Region B has enough water supplies to meet demands through 2070, the total water supply volume is not accessible to all water users throughout the region

Figure B.2 - Projected population for 2020–2070 (in thousands)



(Table B.4). In the event of drought, Region B is projected to have a total water supply need of 35,000 acre-feet in 2020 (Table B.4).

Recommended water management strategies and cost

The Region B Planning Group recommended a variety of water management strategies and projects that would overall provide more water than is required to meet future needs (Figures B.4 and B.5, Tables B.2 and B.3). In all, the 128 strategies and 21 projects would provide 73,000 acre-feet of additional water supply by the year 2070 at a total capital cost of \$630 million.

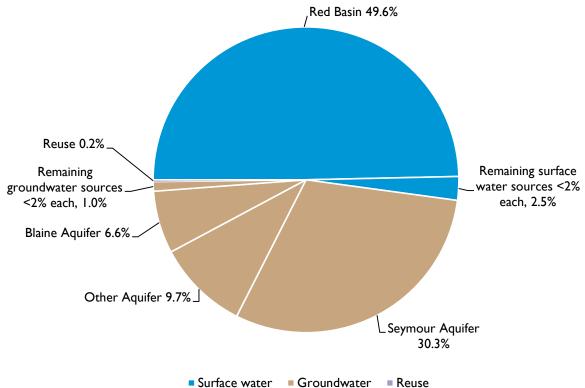
Conservation

Conservation strategies represent 51 percent of the total volume of water associated with all recommended strategies in 2070. Water conservation was recommended for every municipal water user group that had an identified water supply need.

Table B.I - Existing water supplies for	2020 and 2070 (acre-feet per year)
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Water supply source	2020	2070
Surface water		
Kemp-Diversion Lake/Reservoir System	41,000	21,000
Little Wichita River Lake/Reservoir System	12,000	12,000
Red Livestock Local Supply	7,000	7,000
Red Run-Of-River	3,000	3,000
Remaining surface water sources <2% each	6,000	6,000
Surface water subtotal:	69,000	49,000
Groundwater		
Seymour Aquifer	40,000	40,000
Other Aquifer	13,000	10,000
Blaine Aquifer	9,000	9,000
Remaining groundwater sources <2% each	١,000	1,000
Groundwater subtotal:	63,000	60,000
Reuse	<500	0
Region total	132,000	109,000

Figure B.3 - Share of existing water supplies by water source in 2020



Surface water Groundwater

Recommended water management strategy project	Online decade	Sponsor(s)	Associated capital cost	
Lake Ringgold	2040	Wichita Falls	\$330,510,000	
Alternative Cooling Technology - Steam Electric Power Wilbarger County	2020	Steam Electric Power, Wilbarger	\$89,740,000	
Chloride Control Project	2020	County-Other, Baylor	\$59,371,000	
Water Conservation - Wichita Falls	2020	Wichita Falls	\$36,656,000	
Indirect Reuse To Lake Arrowhead	2020	Wichita Falls	\$36,400,000	
Local Seymour Aquifer	2020	Wichita Falls	\$19,674,000	
Wichita River Diversion	2020	Wichita Falls	\$11,230,000	
Additional Seymour Aquifer - Vernon	2020	Vernon	\$9,810,000	
WCWID No. 2 Canal Conversion to Pipeline	2020	Wichita WCID #2	\$8,538,000	
Direct Reuse - Vernon	2040	Vernon	\$8,500,000	
Other recommended projects	various	11 various	\$19,146,000	
		Total capital cost	\$629,575,000	

Table B.2 - Ten recommended water management strategy projects with largest capital cost

Table B.3 - Ten recommended water management strategies with largest supply volume

Recommended water management strategy name	Population served by strategy*	Number of water user groups served	Supply in acre- feet per year in 2070
Lake Ringgold	173,000	17	19,000
Irrigation Conservation - WCWID No. 2 Wichita	na	1	12,000
Indirect Reuse To Lake Arrowhead	173,000	17	11,000
Alternative Cooling Technology - Steam Electric Power Wilbarger County	na	I	5,000
Municipal Conservation - Wichita Falls	121,000	I	4,000
Irrigation Conservation - Wichita	na	1	4,000
Irrigation Conservation - Wilbarger	na	I	3,000
Chloride Control Project - RRA - Irrigation	na	3	3,000
Wichita River Diversion	173,000	17	2,000
Precipitation Enhancement - Wichita Falls	121,000	1	1,000
Other recommended strategies		69	5,000
	Total an	Total annual water volume	

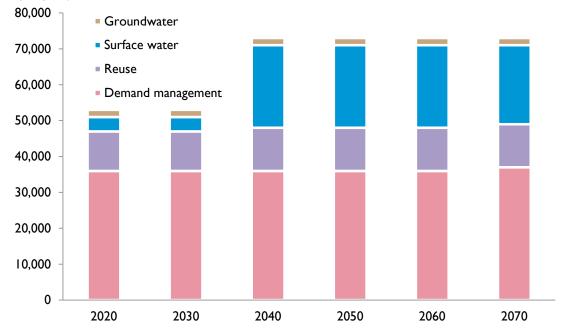
 \ast Multiple strategies may serve portions of the same population

Table B.4 - Population, existing water supplies, demands, needs, and strategies 2020–2070 (acre-feet per year)

	Decade	2020	2030	2040	2050	2060	2070	change
	Population	206,000	214,000	219,000	223,000	226,000	229,000	11%
	Surface water	69,000	65,000	61,000	58,000	54,000	50,000	-28%
	Groundwater	63,000	63,000	61,000	60,000	60,000	60,000	-5%
supplies	Reuse	<500	<500	<500	0	0	0	0%
	Total water supplies	133,000	129,000	123,000	118,000	113,000	109,000	-18%
Demands	Municipal	29,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	31,000	7 %
	County-other	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	0%
	Manufacturing	4,000	4,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	25%
	Mining	5,000	4,000	3,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	-60 %
	Irrigation	100,000	97,000	95,000	93,000	93,000	93,000	-7%
	Steam-electric	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	0%
	Livestock	11,000	11,000	11,000	11,000	11,000	11,000	0%
	Total water demand	163,000	160,000	157,000	154,000	154,000	154,000	-6 %
	Municipal	8,000	9,000	9,000	10,000	10,000	11,000	38%
	County-other	<500	<500	<500	<500	<500	<500	0%
	Manufacturing	1,000	1,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	100%
Needs	Mining	2,000	1,000	<500	<500	<500	<500	-100%
Neeus	Irrigation	23,000	23,000	24,000	26,000	28,000	31,000	35%
	Steam-electric	1,000	2,000	3,000	4,000	5,000	6,000	500%
	Livestock	<500	<500	<500	<500	<500	<500	0%
	Total water needs	35,000	36,000	38,000	41,000	45,000	49,000	40%
	Municipal	20,000	20,000	37,000	37,000	37,000	37,000	85%
	County-other	<500	<500	٥٥٥, ١	1,000	1,000	1,000	0%*
	Manufacturing	2,000	2,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	50%
supplies	Mining	1,000	1,000	1,000	<500	<500	<500	-100%
	Irrigation	28,000	28,000	27,000	26,000	26,000	25,000	-11%
	Steam-electric	1.000	2.000	3,000	4.000	5.000	6.000	500%
		53,000	53,000	71,000	72,000	3,000	0,000	38%

* Based on change from the earliest decade of volumes ≥500 acre-feet per year

Figure B.4 - Volume of recommended water management strategies by water resource (thousands of acrefeet per year)



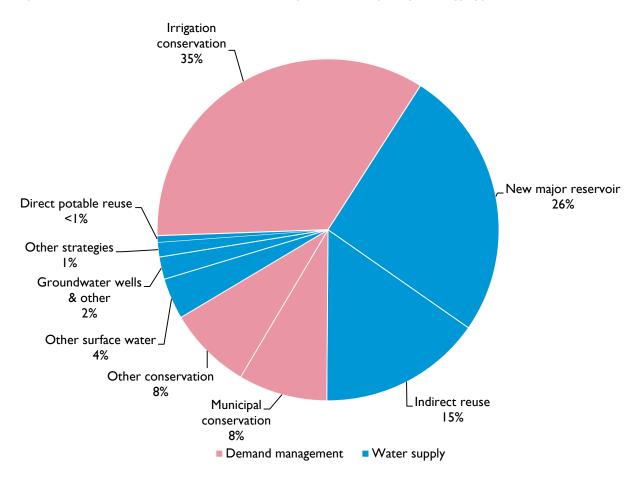
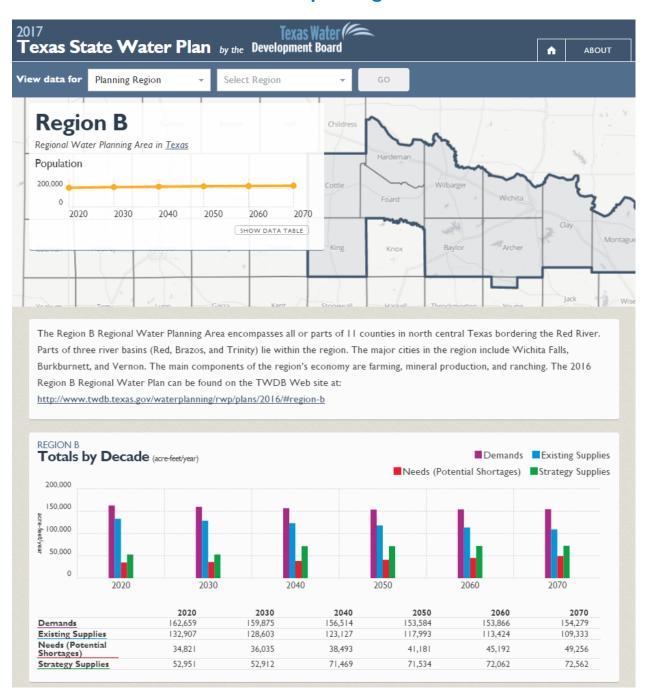


Figure B.5 - Share of recommended water management strategies by strategy type in 2070

Region B voting planning group members (2012 – 2016)

Curtis Campbell, river authorities (Chair); Tamela Armstrong, industry; Jimmy Banks, water districts; Charlies Bell, counties; J.K. Rooter Brite, environment; Jack Campsey, groundwater management areas; Mark Christopher, counties; N.E. Deweber, water utilities; Rebecca Dodge, environment; Ed Garnett, municipalities; Mitch Grant, municipalities; Dale Hughes, agriculture; Bobby Kidd, water districts; Kenneth Liggett, counties; Mike McGuire, water districts; Monte McMahon, electric-generating utilities; Tracy Mesler, groundwater management areas; Dean Myers, small business; Jerry Payne, public; Wilson Scaling, agriculture; Russell Schreiber, municipalities; Gayle Simpson, municipalities; Tom Stephens, industry; Pamela Stephens, environment; Jeff Watts, water utilities

For more information on Texas or specific regions, counties, or cities, please visit the 2017 Interactive State Water Plan website: **texasstatewaterplan.org**





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