Reduce Outdoor Water Use by Practicing Water-Wise Landscaping and Irrigation

Steps

- Design a water-efficient landscape suited for your local conditions, thus conserving water and reducing waste while producing an attractive landscape.
- Use water-efficient landscape practices, such as proper mowing, mulching, and moderate fertilizing.
- Conduct regular maintenance.

Design

- Limit turf areas to usable areas and use drought-tolerant groundcover elsewhere.
- Plant water-efficient, well-adapted, and/or native plants, shrubs, and trees.
- Utilize drip irrigation or soaker hoses in landscaping beds.
- Use sprinkler heads that produce large drops of water close to the ground.
- Choose an automatic sprinkler system with multiple scheduling options, a rain shut-off device, a water budget feature, and test functions.
- Include rainwater harvesting, where feasible, for watering the landscape. It's free, reduces dependency on potable water, and doesn't contain hard minerals.

Maintenance

- Water thoroughly but infrequently to encourage deep roots.
- Water early in the morning to reduce evaporation.
- Reduce overspray and run-off. Water only the plants, not the sidewalks and driveways.
- Mow only when grass is dry and don't cut more than one-third of its length at a time.
- Mulch or compost grass clippings. Leaving them on lawn can provide valuable nutrients.
- Use mulch in beds to retain moisture, reduce runoff and erosion, moderate soil temperatures, aid in root development, slow weed growth, and prevent soil compaction.
- Apply a thin layer of compost to the lawn in the spring after grass has come out of dormancy and actively begun growing.
- Apply fertilizer in spring and fall, if necessary, but don't overuse it.
- Aerate the lawn once a year to help keep soil healthy.
- Adjust sprinkler settings as needed. Turn off or reduce irrigation if rain is sufficient for weekly watering needs. Don't just "set it and forget it."
- Set sprinkler run time to match area watering, i.e., beds, trees, lawn, etc.
- Check sprinkler heads regularly to remove dirt and debris, look for leaks, and make sure they're working at the proper pressure.
- Repair or replace broken heads, valves, seals, and pipes.

Texas Water Development Board

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